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Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXIII NO. 174 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, JULY 24, 1945 Price 2 Annas

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RIOTOUS SCENES AT PETAIN'S TRIAL

Hearing Suspended To Clear Crowd

Defence Counsel Challenges Court's Competency

ACCUSED PLEADS INNOCENCE & REFUSES TO ANSWER QUESTIONS

PARIS, July 23. (Reuter): Philippe Petain, the 89-year-old Marshal of France and Defender of Verdun, whose trial on a double charge of plotting against the internal security of his country and intelligence with the enemy, began in the historic Palais de Justice here today, declared after the reading of the indictment:

"THIS COURT DOES NOT REPRESENT THE FRENCH PEOPLE. I WILL REPLY TO NO QUESTIONS".

Wearing a full fresh uniform of Marshal with a single medal that he won at Verdun pinned to his chest, Petain rose and in a firm voice read a statement announcing his intention to maintain silence.

"INNOCENT MAN"

"It is the people of France who gave us power and I have come to render my account to the people", he said.

"While General De Gaulle continued the struggle, I prepared liberation, keeping together wounded but living France." "If you condemn me, you will condemn an innocent man. I place myself in the hands of France."

"VIOLENT INCIDENTS"

Violent incidents in the court room led to a suspension of the hearing and the court was cleared just before 14-00 G.M.T., less than three hours after the opening.

The argument by Petain's counsel that the Court was incompetent to judge the case and that the Marshal could only be tried by the Senate under the 1875 constitution was rejected.

M. Andre Mornet, the 75-year old Public Prosecutor who intends to demand a death sentence for the aged Marshal, retorted that it was impudent for Petain to claim protection of the constitution of the Third Republic which he had "progressively suppressed."

DEFENCE PLEA REJECTED

After rejection of the Defence's plea, the Court adjourned for a short recess. As Petain was being removed, a young one-armed captain went up to him, seized his hand and kissed it.

Over one thousand armed police, gendarmes and firemen are on guard inside and outside the building, where the trial is taking place.

As an added precaution against any attempt on the Marshal or any bid to free him, the entire Palais de Justice, with its miles of corridors, hundreds of offices and dozens of courtrooms, was emptied today except for the wing where the trial is being held in a small cramped first chamber of the Court of appeal.

As Petain entered the Court, he saluted an armed policeman guarding the door, and then ex-President Lebrun, who is witness for prosecution, and Petain stared stonily at each other and turned away without the slightest sign of recognition. The trial opened eight minutes after Petain's entrance.

REPUBLICAN LEADERS AS WITNESSES

Petain talking to his counsel was calm, looked fit, spoke with a firm voice, but his step was halting as he entered. "Is this going to last much longer?" he asked his Counsel as judges failed to appear and cries of protest at their lateness arose from the public. It was 12-50 when the leaders of the Third Republic, called as witnesses, entered—ex-Premier M. Paul Reynaud, Conservative Leader M. Louis Marin, "Tiger" Michel Clemenceau, as well as M. Lebrun.

As Petain took his seat, his trembling hands were rolling and unrolling sheets of paper. An armed guard stood next to him, and behind him were his three lawyers. Between the arrival of the defendant and the entry of the judges, photographers and cameramen were busy shooting scenes of the Court under protests from benches of witnesses.

Judges took their places in the packed courtroom the clerk called in a loud voice "Accused Petain rise".

INDICTMENT.

The clerk of the court then read

(Continued on Page 5 Col. 6.)

PATTABHI CORRECTS PRESS REPORT

(Page 6.)

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LATEST COMMERCIAL

COTTON (OCTOBER).

	July 23.
Previous Closing	22.85
To-day's Opening	22.87
Difference	+02
To-day's Closing	22.74
Difference	—12

Nawab Yar Jung Bahadur Calls Jinnah's 'Bluff'

HYDERABAD (Dn.) (U.P.I.): July 22: Dr. Nawab Syed Yar Jung Bahadur, in an interview to the United Press of India, in connection with the breakdown of the Simla Conference, said:

Mr. Jinnah has done the greatest disservice to the Muslim community for two generations. He has created fear and inferiority complex among Muslims. He claims to represent sometimes 100, sometimes 99 and sometimes 95 per cent of Mussalmans. Which is true? One does not know how many Muslims he does represent, but it is obvious that he represents the 'top and the bottom' consisting of merely the moneyed classes and the ignorant and poorer sections who can shout 'Alla-O-Akbar' and wave flags. What is obvious is that he does not represent the middle section, the educated and the intellectual Muslims whom he is pleased to call 'Quislings.'

"An analysis of the Muslim League's influence in the Provinces will show that the League has no hold in the North-West Frontier and it has been outside the Punjab. Sind has virtually broken away and the Assam League is dependent more upon the Congress than on its own organisation. In Bengal the League came into office by political fraud and could, therefore, maintain itself in office through European and Civil Service support. This analysis clearly makes the claim of any kind of Pakistan ridiculous.

Concluding Dr. Yar Jung said: "Mr. Jinnah has all along carried on by bluff and Lord Wavell has this time caught him and it will not be long before the League and its head will disappear from the Indian political screen."

Nazi S. S. Fight On In Bavaria

Plan To Resist For Years To Come

U. S. THIRD ARMY H. Q. IN BAVARIA, July 23 (U.P.A.): **Fanatical Nazi S. S. troops are still holding out in the mountains and forests of Bavaria against U. S. armed forces, the U. S. Army intelligence service said today.**

Some of the S. S. troops are believed to be going underground in conformance with a plan to organize resistance for years to come, it was said. These men reportedly have undergone surgical operations to remove tatoo marks which all members of the S. S. organization formerly wore.

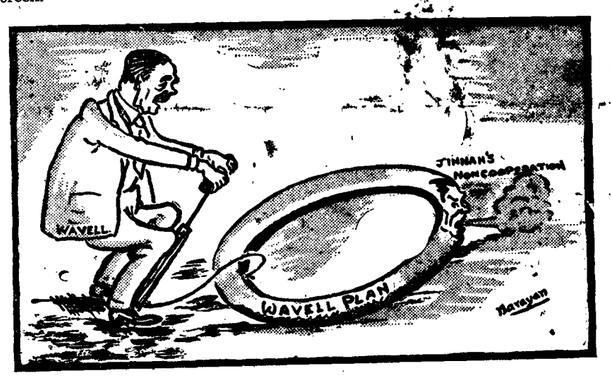
Intelligence officers said that the S. S. men still resisting in the back country are fighting as individuals or in very small groups. There is no organised resistance in the generally accepted sense of the word.

Only a few S. S. men have surrendered voluntarily. Those captured generally have been armed only with pistols and hand grenades.

ARGENTINE'S RADICAL PARTY DEMANDS

BUENOS AIRES, July 23 (Reuter): Argentine's Radical Party "Union Civica" has issued a manifesto reaffirming its stand against the present Government which it says, "proceeds against the will of the people and in open violation of constitutional rights and guarantees."

The Manifesto demands ample liberty for the Press, free speech, freedom for political prisoners, guarantees for the return of exiles and the convening of elections for a fixed date.



CORPORATION'S TRIBUTE TO PHEROZESHAH MEHTA

Move To Perpetuate Memory By Founding Chair In Civics And Politics In Bombay University

The Bombay Municipal Corporation has taken the first step for endowing a Chair in Civics and Politics in the university of Bombay, to commemorate the memory of the late Sir Pherozeshah Mehta.

By a resolution unanimously adopted at a special meeting called for this purpose on Monday, the Corporation decided to start a special fund, contribute rupees one lakh to the fund and appeal for further funds from various institutions and the public.

Mr. S. K. Patil moved the resolution which was seconded and supported by Mr. Nagindas T. Master, Mr. N. C. Bharucha, Mr. M. V. Donde, Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Dr. J. A. Collaco, Prof. S. R. Davar, Mr. B. J. Deorukkar, Mr. Mirza Akhtar Hussein, Mr. R. A. Gole, Mr. K. H. Goregaonker and Mr. Motichand Kapadia, all of whom joined in paying eloquent tributes to the late Sir Phirozeshah Mehta and his services to the country in general and the Bombay Municipal Corporation in particular.

Text Of Resolution

The following is the text of the resolution moved by Mr. Patil:—

"That in view of the yeoman services rendered to the city and the country by the late Sir Phirozeshan Mehta and in grateful recognition of his great services to this Corporation, the Corporation are of opi-

(Continued on Pg. 4 Col. 3.)

STOP PRESS

80,000 ARRESTS IN U. S. ZONE

TWELFTH ARMY GROUP HEADQUARTERS, July 23. (Reuter). In the biggest security checkup yet held, American troops arrested 80,000 people seized arms, ammunition and radio transmitters througout the United States Zone, in Germany over the week-end, cables Richard Rowlands, Reuter's special correspondent.

MUDALIAR FOR EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

(From Our Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, July 23.

Sir Ramaswamy Mudaliar, the present Supply Member is expected to become the first Indian Member for External Affairs. As reported earlier, the Wavell Plan proposed to amalgamate Commonwealth Relations Department with External Affairs Department has reached and an advanced state and likely to be implemented.

"FORM LEAGUE GOVT. IN N. W. F. P."

PATNA, July 23. (A.P.I.): A challenge to Mr. Jinnah to sweep the polls in the Frontier Province or even to get enough seats to enable him to form a League Government by itself was made by Dr. Syed Mahmud, a former member of the Congress Working Committee. He was addressing a number of students who approached him for his views on the political situation.

Dr. Mahmud believed that the Red Shirts in the Frontier Province would give the League the "toughest fight" in the next elections as they were extremely well organised.

In the Punjab too, said Dr. Mahmud, the Unionist had begun to make preparations in right earnest and were prepared to fight out the issue with the League. He added that if the League candidates won election in the minority provinces it would be of no use to them as the "heart of Pakistan" would go out of the League.

British Blackout On Bombay Docks Explosion Details

From Our Correspondent
LONDON, July 23.

The Sunday "Empire News" says that British Merchant Seamen, involved in the Bombay Dock disaster 15 months ago which killed 900 and injured thousands, still cannot reveal details of the fires and explosions that raged for more than 36 hours and devastated the Victoria and Princes Docks.

One Merchant Navy officer back in London told the "Empire News" reporter that he had signed a document at the time swearing that he would never reveal the details of the incident. He said: I am sorry that I have signed it. The story I could tell would make your hair stand on end. It should be published.

NEHRU TO TOUR LIDDAR VALLEY

Will Attend Kashmir National Conference

SRINAGAR, July 23 (A.P.I.): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has left on a holiday tour of Liddar valley. He is expected to return to Srinagar on August 1 when a public reception will be accorded to him.

Pandit Nehru will also attend the annual session of the Kashmir National Conference which is being held at Sopore on August 3.

It is learnt that Maulana Abul Kalam Azad also intends to visit Kashmir to recoup his health.

AZAD MEETS BENGAL CONGRESS WORKERS

CALCUTTA, July 23 (A.P.I.): About 50 prominent Congress workers of Bengal met Maulana Abul Kalam Azad at his residence today and discussed with him the political situation in the country as a whole with special reference to the problems facing Bengal at the present moment.

The discussion was of an informal nature and the Maulana expressed his desire to meet the Congress workers at a bigger conference on his return from a short rest.

Among those present were Messrs. Kiran Sankar Roy, J. C. Gupta, Nalinaksha Sanyal, Sitaram Saxeria and Basanta Lal Murarkar.

KRIPALANI ON "SIMLA FARCE"

ALLAHABAD, July 23 (U.P.I.): "The responsibility for the failure of the Simla Conference rests entirely with the British Government. The Muslim League comes in the picture only so far as it happens to be a creature of that Government."

Thus said Acharya Kripalani, General Secretary of the Congress, in his speech at his first public meeting after three years at Allahabad held under the auspices of the Allahabad Students' Congress today.

Continuing Acharya Kripalani characterised the Simla Conference as the "farce of Simla" and said that Mr. Churchill, Mr. Amery, Lord Wavell and others by their utterances and subsequent action had led them to believe that His Majesty's Government had decided to go back upon its previous policy which required Hindu-Muslim unity as a condition precedent to dissolution of the deadlock. The British Government have never tired of reiterating that any change in the constitution could only be affected if the Hindus the Muslims were united, thereby gaining the Congress-League unity, he added.

"BALLIA'S HEROIC STAND"

ALLAHABAD, July 22 (U.P.I.): Acharya Narendra Deo visited Ballia in order to acquaint himself with the ravages caused by repressive measures of Government during last August disturbances. He was taken round the town in procession. He toured in the interior and addressed various public meetings. While giving a talk to some Congress workers he emphasised the need to sink all differences and present a United front.

Referring to the heroic stand of the people of Ballia, he observed that Ballia would occupy a conspicuous place in the annals of the country's struggle for freedom. During the last August disturbances in the face of oppression and repression this will go down to posterity as a unique record of service for the country.

"LIBERTY WEEK" IN DELHI

NEW DELHI, July 23 (A.P.I.): The Delhi Congress Workers' Assembly has decided to observe "Liberty Week" from August 9 to August 15 (both days inclusive).

Prabhat Pheris will be taken out on August 9 and flag salutation ceremonies will be held in different wards in the morning. The Quit India resolution will be read out omitting the operative part of it. In the evening, a mass spinning demonstration will be held in the Gandhi grounds.

JAPS' FRANTIC ESCAPE BID FOILED IN BURMA

1,750 Killed In First 36 Hours East Of Pegu Yomas

PEGU, July 23. (A. P. I.): Infantry fire has killed 1,750 Japanese—one-fifth of the total force trying to break out from Pegu foothills towards the Sittang river and across to Siam— in the first 36 hours of the Japanese 28th Army's bolt for life, says Doon Campbell, A. P. I. Special Correspondent. This is the quickest and biggest single massacre of the Burma war; and it is the least costly to us.

British and Indian troops, Scottish tanks and Indian armoured cars have themselves had negligible casualties.

Above Nyaunglebin, the southernmost limit of the breakthrough bid, we had four wounded for 130 Japanese killed. Below Toungoo, 70 miles north of Nyaunglebin, we had three killed and nine wounded for 390 Japanese killed. Less than 100 prisoners have come into Allied cages. All Japanese dead so far have fallen to rifles, mortars and machine-guns.

JAPS TIRED AND EXHAUSTED

In some sectors it is a straightforward pheasant shoot—the infantry beating thick scrub and secondary jungle off the road and gunners taking pot shots. Tanks and armoured cars just sit on the road—the road to Mandalay—pumping fire into the Japanese scurrying across bare waterlogged paddy fields which offer no cover and no shelter.

There is evidence that the Japanese are becoming tired and exhausted. The first wave to which some 5,000 were committed was cut up and broken into straggling bits long before they

(Continued on Page 5 Col. 4.)

Czech-Polish Crisis

LONDON, July (U. P. I.): A crisis between Poland and Czechoslovakia is imminent owing to the Czech refusal to give up Teschen.

In a special interview to the "Sunday Observer", Dr. Hubert Ripka, declared: "Under no conditions will the Czechoslovak Government agree to cede any Teschen territory to Poland. If the Allies decided otherwise, they would have to send their troops to the Teschen province to enforce their decision. Our Government and our people will not depart from the principle that the pre-Munich frontiers be re-established between Poland and Czechoslovakia.

"This is not a question of national prestige but a vital economic necessity. Forty-five per cent of our industry depends on coal which is mind in the Teschen province. After the incorporation of the German Upper Silesia into Poland she has now 95 per cents of the whole coal output of that area. We have only five per cent. There is no reason why we should be deprived even of this. We have proposed to the Poles an exchange of our respective minorities—Poles of Czechs".

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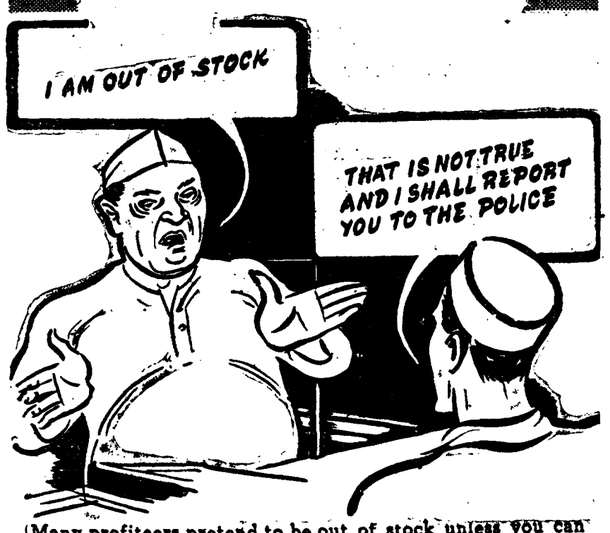

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Britain Must Act Again, Says Listowel

"If India's Growth Is Not Nurtured By Consent, It Will Assert Itself Inevitably By Force"

LONDON, July 23 (Reuter): A strong plea that the failure of the Simla Conference should not be regarded as final and that immediate further steps should be taken for breaking the Indian deadlock is made by Lord Listowel, former Under-Secretary of State for India, in a letter to the "Times" today.

Writing as one of those "who must share the responsibility for another set-back in India", Lord Listowel declares that the proceedings of the Simla Conference "disclosed that an immense majority of politically conscious Indians, Hindus and Muslims alike, is anxious for another instalment of Self-Government within the present constitution, and is willing to accept administrative responsibility without prejudice to our war effort. They also showed that the Viceroy has won the confidence and respect of Indian leaders to a greater extent than any of his predecessors within living memory."

As for the future, Lord Listowel says, "to resign ourselves to a renewal of the political deadlock would be a public confession of bankruptcy of British statesmanship, and dereliction of our duty towards India.

The ripening nationhood of India cannot be arrested and if its growth is not nurtured by consent it will assert itself inevitably by force.

PAUSE FOR THOUGHT

After Simla there must certainly be a pause for thought. This will give the Viceroy a chance to consult his Advisers and Provincial Governments, and to resume his discussions with the British Government. During this breathing space we must decide which of our losses to cut and how best to gird our loins for a fresh effort. We have failed to substitute a representative Indian cabinet for the present Viceroy's Executive Council. Let us write this off for the time being as a dead loss. To do so need not preclude addition in the near future to the number of its Indian members.

Lord Listowel then goes on to make suggestions which could be immediately made to India. India's representative at meetings of the New World organisation and at any international conferences for peace settlement in Europe, should have the same standing as representatives sent by other countries." Lord Listowel says and adds: "All that is needed is for the Viceroy to extrude his portfolio of External Affairs. The admiral impression made by Sir Ramaswamy Mudaliar at the San Francisco Conference, shows that the right metal is not lacking. And it would be a real advantage to British India in her dealings with foreign countries if her envoys abroad were accorded the status and privileges of United Kingdom or Dominion diplomats

INDIA'S FOREIGN ASSETS

"The end of the Japanese war will open the question of how we are to refund India's sterling balances. India will never believe that her case has been pressed hard enough.

"If we are to give the impression as well as the substance of fair dealing, an Indian should be appointed as Finance Member in good time to prepare the ground for necessary negotiations with a British High Commissioner."

Lord Listowel, however, adds that it would be folly "to expect India to be satisfied with such small beer as another place or two on the Viceroy's Council."

An essential step, he says, "is extension of Self-Government over the widest possible field, and the time has surely come to restore maximum control over the internal affairs of British India to Indian ministries supported by elected bodies that reflect public opinion as it is today. Fresh elections would revitalize the Central and Provincial Legislatures, which date as far back as 1934 and 1936 respectively.

ELECTIONS NEXT WINTER

Of eleven provinces, seven are still under the direct rule of the British Government, while an eighth is limping along with a precarious parliamentary majority. It can no longer be said that the Japanese are knocking at the side door. The war in the Pacific has receded from India and it is hard to see why elections should not take place the next cold weather.

Revival of popular governments in the provinces would assist in the task of economic and social reconstruction which, as the Viceroy has said, must be in hand directly the war is over.

The moderate and conciliatory attitude of the Congress Party at Simla should facilitate this change. Doctor Azad assured the Viceroy that there would be no more civil disobedience during the war.

In view of this satisfactory and recent pledge and with elections in the offing, it is surely desirable for the provincial governments to release the several hundred Congress detainees still in gaol, to legalize the Congress Party as a political organization, and to remove many restrictions on civil liberties that impede the political activities of its members.

CONGRESS WILLINGNESS

If the willingness of the Congress to co-operate at the Centre is any indication of its attitude in the provinces, it should be possible, elections or no elections, to restore, within a reasonable time, a majority of the defunct provincial legislatures."

Lord Listowel concludes: "One thing is certain: we cannot drift. We must act again and decide as quickly as possible on the next step. It would be reassuring if the Government could say, as soon as the new Parliament meets, for India and the world to overhear, that the present pause is only "pour mieux sauter" (in order to leap farther)."

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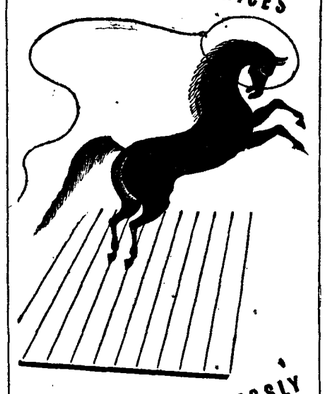
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W. I. A. A. Donation For Relief Of Indian Soldiers' Dependants

A resolution authorising the Managing Committee to transfer the sum of Rs. 17.324 collected by the W.I.A.A. and credited to the account of the Bombay War Gifts Fund to the fund for the relief of dependants of the Indian fighting services and the Poppy Day Fund was adopted at the annual general meeting of the Western India Automobile Association at the Association's premises on Monday evening.

Moving the adoption of the annual report, Mr. M. B. Madgavkar who presided expressed satisfaction at the financial position of the Association, and pleaded for the removal of restrictive measures on the use of private motor-cars.

The annual report and the balance-sheet were adopted unanimously.

The following were appointed members of the new Managing Committee of the Association: Messrs. P. R. Bhatt. M. B. Madgaovkar, V. C. Setalwad, A. S. Trollip and M. A. Mooboy.

MUSLIM LEAGUE NOT TO FORM MINISTRIES IN PROVINCES

Hussain Imam Expresses Wish That Congress May Join In Demand For General Elections

BOMBAY, July 23. (A.P.I.): The Central Parliamentary Board of the All-India Muslim-League, which met at Simla, recently, has decided not to permit the Muslim-League parties in provincial legislatures to form ministries unless they have a decisive majority in the legislatures. The policy laid down by the parliamentary board is to allow League Ministries in Assam and Sind to continue functioning. But in Bengal, where the League Ministry was defeated during the last Budget Session of the Assembly, Sir Nazimuddin, leader of the Muslim-League Party in the Assembly, has been instructed not to form a ministry even if invited by the Governor unless he can command a decisive majority in the Legislature.

This was revealed by Mr. Syed Hussain Imam, a member of the Central Parliamentary Board and leader of the Muslim-League Party in the Council of State, in the course of an interview to the Associated Press of India. He said that the League Working Committee had already considered the recent move on the part of the Congress High Command to install Congress ministries with the help of certain Muslim elements in legislatures in those provinces where the League ministries are functioning. But the League High Command did not consider such manoeuvres as a threat which could impair the growing influence of the Muslim-League among the Muslim masses.

Mr. Hussain Imam added: "The Muslim-League regards the present legislatures, Provincial as well as Central, to have outlived their utility and could not see any valid reason for the British Government to postpone the demand for general elections. In no part of the British Empire are the pre-war legislatures functioning. It will be in the fitness of things that the Congress should join at least in this demand and exert its force to get it accepted."

ABDUL MAJID REFUTES NEHRU'S CHARGE

KARACHI, July 23. (A.P.I.): The Simla Conference would not have failed had the Viceroy followed the regular procedure of calling upon the prospective Premier to select his team for the Executive Council, said Sheikh Abdul Majid, M.L.A. presiding at the First Annual Conference of the Sind Muslim Students Federation yesterday. Sheikh Abdul Majid said that there were some inherent defects in the Wavell proposals which did not make them acceptable to the Hindus, Muslims and, to some extent, to the Congress. He referred to the statement made by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru after the Conference, That the Muslim-League was a medieval body and said: "The leaders of the Muslim-League in general, and Mr. Jinnah in particular, are the most modern of men in their attire and in their outlook, while medievalism is heavily centred round the Mahatma."

Mr. G. M. Syed, President of the Sind Provincial Muslim-League and a member of the Muslim-League Working Committee, said that at Simla ten crores of Mussalmans of India were being reduced to slavery. He said that not only were the Muslims being offered one-third of the total number of seats on the Executive Council, but some of the seats were being given to "spurious" organisations.

Earlier, Mr. Hatim A. Alavi, inaugurating the Conference, said that the achievement of Pakistan would be simplified if they first achieved the object of educating every Muslim.

The Conference expressed full confidence in the Sind Muslim-League and the leadership of Mr. Jinnah.

The Conference passed a resolution demanding the introduction of Urdu as a compulsory language in all the primary and secondary schools in Sind as the only national language of India. The Conference also urged the Sind Government to introduce Quran classes in all schools enabling the Muslims in a majority province like Sind to study the Holy Quran. The Conference endorsed the Sind University Bill and deplored the propaganda started against it by Hindu organisations.

"GROW UP AS BETTER CITIZENS"

Jairamdas's Advice To Children

Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram, ex-General Secretary of the Indian National Congress, met the Khar Balkan-ji-Bari boys and girls on Sunday, and had a chat with them, after a few items of entertainment were presented by the children. He advised them never to fear anybody or anything, and to try and grow up as better citizens of this country.

This is an Announcement, but Not a Prospectus!

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(Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act 1913-38)

REGISTERED OFFICE: 12, Chowringhee Square, CALCUTTA.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL: Rs. 25,00,000
(RUPEES TWENTY-FIVE LACS) only.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL: Rs. 12,50,000
(RUPEES TWELVE LACS and FIFTY THOUSAND) only.

PAID-UP CAPITAL: Rs. 11,56,903
(UP TO 30TH APRIL 1945).

PRESENT ISSUE.

Rs. 12,50,000|- (Rupees twelve lacs fifty thousand) only.

DIVIDED INTO

500 7% (Free of Income Tax) Cumulative Preference shares of Rs. 100|- each. 48,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 25|- each.

Preference shares are fully subscribed.
Ordinary shares are still available at par.

TERMS OF PAYMENT.

ORDINARY SHARES.

Rs. 2|8|- per share with application.
Rs. 10|- per share within 30 days of allotment.
Balance Rs. 12|8|- per share within 60 days of allotment.

APPLICATION FOR SHARES

Application forms and Prospectus can be secured from and submitted to the Registered Office of the Company or any of the office of Central Bank of India Ltd., and Pioneer Bank Ltd.

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INDIA HAS A PRACTICAL MONOPOLY OF PRODUCTION DUE TO THE AMOUNT AND QUALITY OF HER MICA DEPOSITS AND THE ABUNDANCE OF LABOUR.

After the termination of War, industrial development will be more rapid and extensive. Industries, both large and small, agriculture, transport, etc. will be determined to great extent by the development of electricity.

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DIVIDEND

THE COMPANY HAS BEEN TAKEN OVER THE PRESENT MANAGEMENT IN THE YEAR 1941. SINCE THEN IT HAS PAID A TOTAL DIVIDEND OF 32½% ON ORDINARY SHARES AND 28% ON PREFERENCE SHARES KEEPING A DECENT AMOUNT IN THE RESERVE FUND.

(Consent of the Central Government has been obtained to this issue under Defence of India Rule 94A. It must be distinctly understood that in giving this consent the Government of India do not take any responsibility for the financial soundness of any of the Statements made or opinions expressed with regard to them).

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BHARATHARI
SURENDRA, MUMTAZ
SHANTI, AROON & KAJJAN
Director: C. A. DOSHI
Royal Opera House
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 P.M.
(Ajit Release)

A TALE SO IMMORTAL!
Pancholi's
SHIRIN - FARHAD
RAGINI ★ JAYANT
13TH WEEK AT CAPITOL
Daily: 4, 7, 9-45.
Mat. at 1 on Sunday only.
Res. 9 to 12-30 & 2-30 to 5.
(A Prakash-Evergreen Release).

Hitting High!
PRAKASH'S
VIKRAMADITYA
Starring: Prithviraj, Prem Adib, Baburao Pendharkar, Ratnamala
Direction: VIJAY BHATT.
5TH CROWDED WEEK at SUPER
Daily: 4-7-10.
Mat. at 1 on Fri., Sat., Sun.
Ad. Booking: 9 to 12, 5 to 6, 7-15 to 8-15.
(An Evergreen Release).

2ND OVER CROWDED WEEK
MURARI PICTURES'
Shree
Krishnarjun Yuddha
Director: MOHAN SINHA
at
NOVELTY
Daily: 4, 7 and 10
Advance 10-30 to 12 & 4-30 to 6 P. M.
—A Radium Release—

Daily: 4, 7 & 10; Matinees at 1-0 on Sun. & Holidays.
2nd WEEK MINERVA

MISSING.

Reward 100/- to any one tracing out KRISHEN GOPAL likely to be found out in Film Studios. K. G. engraved on right arm, 2" long white spots on both legs (Shins) size 5ft.
Amar Nath Datta, Dy. Collector Rohtak (Rohtak)

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Sun. 1-15 P. M.
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HUMAYUN
Director-Producer: MEHBOOB
Advance Booking 10 to 12 & 4 to 6 p. m.
IMPERIAL
Diamond Select Release
POONA 3RD GREAT WEEK at PARAMOUNT
AHMEDABAD 1ST WEEK at LIGHT HOUSE

From 4th August
Advance Booking From Today
10 to 12 & 3 to 6 P. M.
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India ever produced!
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Sensational Social hit
MUN-KI JEET
Directed & Produced by
W. Z. AHMED
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'JOSH' MALIHABADI
Starring
NEENA, SHYAM
Tiwari, Prakash, Gulab, Geeta Nizami & others
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KAMAL A Sunrich Release

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Directed by: JAIRAJ, LYRICS, NARENDRA
Starring: SWARNALATA, DILEEP KUMAR, JYOTI, P. F. Pithawala & SHANAWAZ, MUMTAZ ALI
NOW RUNNING AT MAJESTIC
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m. Matinee on Sat. Sun. Holidays at 1 p.m.
Advance Booking 10 a.m. to 12 Noon 4 to 6 p.m.

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Ashad, Shud 14, 2001.
Muslim: Sabban 14, 1364.
Parsi: Behman 24, 1314.
Sunrise: 7-13 a.m., Sunset 8-17 p.m.
Hightide: 12-58, 24-39; Lowtide: 5-58, 18-58.
Municipal Improvement Committee: 2-30 (B. T.).

To-day's Engagements

RADICAL STUDENTS' UNION: Mr. V. M. Tarkunde will speak on "Simla Failure and After" at the Marwari Vidyalaya Hall today at 6-30 p. m.

GATHA SOCIETY: Mr. Sohrabji Navroji Kanga's discourse on "Soshyos of the Time of Resurrection", at the public meeting of the Society at 6 p. m. (S. T.), at the Cama Oriental Institute, 136, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

BLAVATSKY LODGE, T. S.: Mr. Maneklal Vakil will lecture in English at the Besant Hall of the Lodge at French Bridge, Chowpatty, at 6-45 p. m. (S.T.) on "Communalism and the way out."

B. P. WOMEN'S COUNCIL: There will be an "At Home" for members and their guests at the Y.W.C.A., Hall, Mayo Road, opposite the C. J. Hall, at 5-30 p. m., when there will be indoor games and informal discussions on the Council's work.

ANNIVERSARY OF LOKMANYA TILAK: On behalf of all prominent Brahmin Institutes of Dadar, Lecture by Pro. N. R. Phatak at Brahmin Seva Mandal, Bhavani Shankar Road, Dadar, at 9 p. m.

BOMBAY DURGA PUJA COMMITTEE: The sixteenth annual general meeting of the Bengalee residents of Bombay will be held on Saturday, the 28th instant, at 9 p. m. (N.S.T.) at Talmakiwadi, Tardeo Road, to elect new Executive Committee for celebrating 1945 Durga Puja.

BOMBAY WAR GIFTS FUND: Grand total on July 23, 1945, Rs. 2,77,12,077-3-2.

G. I. P. RAILWAYMEN'S UNION (Parel Branch): Annual general meeting of the G.I.P. Railwaymen's Union Parel Branch which was to be held on Monday, the 23rd instant at Damodar Hall, Parel has been postponed to a later date which will be announced later.

THE VOLUNTARY SOCIAL WORKERS' TRAINING CLASS will meet at 6-30 p. m. today at the League's Head Office, Servants of India Society's Home, Sandhurst Road Girgaon, when Mr. R. M. Talpade will deliver a lecture on "The Cooperative Movement.

SHRI MAHADEV DESAI MEMORIAL FUND

DONATIONS RECEIVED UP TO THE 14TH JULY, 1945.

Received up to the 7th July 45 and already announced Rs. 133,717-4-0. Anonymous 500; The Silk Merchants' Association 10,000; M/s H. B. Shah & Co. 100; M/s Mangaldas Motilal & Co. 100; The Karnatak Vidyarthi Samithi 98; M/s Joshi & Co. 500; M/s Kanji Jadhavji & Co. 5.000; Shri Jariram Bhadani 1.001; Shri Madhavbhai Patel 50; Shri Laxmidas Ramji 5.000; Smt. Umaben Agrawal 101; Shri T. S. Avinashilingam 100; Shri Limaye, Poona 141; Shri Eto Shivannaji, Mysore 100; Shri V. Parashram, Wardha 25. Total Rs. 156,533-4-0.

ROHIDAS TARUN SUDHARAK SANGH

The seventh free prize distribution ceremony of the Rohidas Tarun Sudharak Sangh was celebrated on Saturday last in Nagpada Neighbourhood House, Bombay, under the presidentship of Dr. Jos Alban D'Souza, the Mayor of Bombay. During the last seven years the Sangh has distributed books worth about Rs. 1.500 among the poor and deserving students of the community.

MAXIMUM PRICES OF GRAMOPHONE NEEDLES

The maximum retail selling price of His Master's Voice or Columbia steel gramophone needles has been fixed at As. 12 per box of 100 needles, by a notification published in the Gazette of India today.

PROFIT MARGIN FOR WOOD WORKING TOOLS

Profit margins for sale by importers to wholesale dealers or agents, by importers to retail dealers and in cases not specifically provided for, have now been fixed for wood working tools such as cutters, power driven mortise cutters and saws, by a Notification issued under the Hoarding and Profiteering Prevention Ordinance and published in the Gazette of India.

TODAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY—1
BOMBAY JULY 24.

244 m (1,231 kc/s) 8-0 a.m. News (H) 8-15 News (E) 8-30 Seeta Mavinkurve 8-45 Rahmat Khan 8-50 News (M) 9-0 News (G) 9-10 Tomorrow 9-15 Qutubuddin 9-30 Abhang 9-45 P B Nippanikar 12-30 p m Stage Hits 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 News (H) 1-0 Selections 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Lunch Hour Music 2-30 Break for Lunch 4.20 School Broadcast 5-0 Govind B Naik 5.15 Selections from "Bhavtarang" 5-25 P B Nippanikar 5-45 Topical 5-55 Locals and Weather 6-0 For Forces 6-30 News (E) 6-40 News (H) 6-45 Matters of Moment 6-50 Govind B Naik 7 Marathi in Burma (M) 7-15 Qutubuddin 7-30 Kumar Gandharva 8-0 Gat Tora on Tabla 8-15 News (M) 8-30 News (G) 8-45 Qutubuddin 9-0 News (H) 9-20 News (E) 9-30 BBC News 9-45 Long arm of Justice 10-0 Sitloo Panthaki: Violin 10-15 Interlude 10-20 Kenneth Loveless: (Baritone) 10-30 Interlude 10-40 Luise Vajid Mahmood.

50 Employees Of Supplies Dept. Not Paid Last Month's Salary

BOMBAY Monday.

More than fifty members of the staff of the Enforcement Department of the Director of Civil Supplies, Bombay Government find themselves in a quandary as they have not been paid up to date their salaries for the month of June.

It would appear that the whole staff of inspectors and watchers of this Department are on a temporary footing and their salaries had been sanctioned only till June 15. It would appear that the papers relating to the extension of the Department have been lost, mislaid or got stuck up somewhere in the office of Mr. R. P. Thanawala, Additional Director of Civil Supplies (Enforcement) who is in charge of the Department.

Byculla Y. M. C. A. Open Table Tennis Championships concluded on Saturday evening. Picture shows group photo of the winners taken on that occasion.

CHINESE COUNCIL CHALKS OUT PROGRESSIVE POLICY

Resolves To Seek Conciliation With Communist Section: Ratifies United Nation Charter

LONDON, July 23 (Reuter): The resolution now being passed by the People's Political Council in Chungking will exercise "great influence upon the domestic and foreign policies of Generalissimo Chianfi Kai-Shek's administration", declares the "Times" in an editorial today commenting upon the recent enlargement and reform of the Council.

The "Times" points out that these resolutions are not technically mandatory "but the Council has a Resident Committee in permanent session in Chungking, so that it is difficult for the Government to avoid action pressed upon it."

SEEKS CONCILIATION WITH COMMUNISTS

Dealing with the resolutions passed by the Council, the "Times" says that in the domestic sphere perhaps the most important topic which was dealt with by the Council was the unsatisfactory relations between Chungking and Yenan (the Communist section).

"THE COUNCIL SUPPORTED THE POLICY SUGGESTED IN THE MAY SESSION OF THE KUOMINTANG NATIONAL CONGRESS, OF RESOLVING THE DISPUTE BY 'POLITICAL' RATHER THAN MILITARY MEASURES, AND APPROVED THE WITHDRAWAL OF GOVERNMENT FORCES FROM THE NEIGHBOURHOOD OF THE COMMUNIST AREA.

INDEED, IT WENT CONSIDERABLY FURTHER BY URGING UPON THE GOVERNMENT THE NECESSITY OF SEEKING RECONCILIATION WITH YENAN BEFORE THE NOVEMBER MEETING OF THE PEOPLES CONGRESS, AND BY PRESSING FOR THE INSTITUTION OF SPECIFIC MACHINERY TO SAFEGUARD FREEDOM OF SPEECH, FREEDOM OF THE PRESS AND SECURITY FROM ARBITRARY ARREST.

"All three matters figure prominently among the accusations which the Communists bring against the policy and practice of the Government; and their discussion is a symptom of the gradual approach of the Chungking 'Left' to the Yenan 'Right' upon which probably depends the emergence of an understanding between the two."

The "Times" says the Council displaying the same progressive attitude towards the approaching constitutional reforms accepting the suggestion of Mr. Wang Shih Chieh Minister of Information, that "The Peoples Congress must include the fullest possible representation of all classes of the population."

RATIFIES UNITED NATIONS CHARTER

In the foreign field, comments the "Times", the expression by the Council of a desire for speedy ratification of the United Nations Charter and for designation of Emperor Hirohito as a war criminal was quite natural.

But, says "Times", the resolution urging conclusion of 20-year pacts of mutual aid and military alliance with Britain, France and Russia illustrates the realism of Chinese political thought.

"For some time to come China will not be able to assure the security of the Far East; she will rather stand in need of it for herself. The recently concluded visit of Dr. Soong to Moscow and his return to China in company with the Russian Ambassador lead to the expectation that Russo-Chinese relations will be the first to receive attention, although in his address to the Council Dr. Soong confined himself to the governments programme of political and economic rehabilitation after the war.

"The increasing association of Chinese public opinion with the Central Government as illustrated by the deliberation of the People's Political Council will lend additional weight to any requests for aid and assistance which China may address to her Allies."

Chinese Army Headquarters

KUNMING, July 23 (U.P.A.): One of the most significant military moves recently in China is the reorganization of the Chinese Army Headquarters along United States Army staff lines, writes Albert Ravenholt, United Press of America staff corresondent.

The announcement of the reorganization of the Headquarters was made by General Ho Ying Chin, supreme Commander of all Chinese troops south of the Yangtse river.

Since their inception the Chinese nationalist armies have been encumbered with a staff structure borrowed at various periods from the French, German and Japanese armies.

Most military observers agree that the old style Chinese army lacked concise delegation of authority characteristic of the present American army set-up.

The reorganization of General Ho's Headquarters, which is responsible for the Chinese counter-offensive, is the result of ideas of the American manned command and general staff school in Yunnan province.

FLYING OFFICERS IN COURT

Alleged To Be Actors Of Series Of Drunken Escapades

Three flying officers of the R.A.F. are said to be the actors of a series of escapades under the influence of liquor. C. W. Weir, H. Wittbourne and J. M. Ladbury who are the officers were arrested and produced before Mr. F. D. Kanga, at the Esplanade Police Court and were enlarged on bail.

The three officers are said to have under the influence of liquor unharnessed a horse from a hack victoria and one had got on its back and was riding it before the Regal Theatre at about 2-30 a.m. on Sunday. The large number of the city's population who were having their sleep in the shop fronts and pavements on being threatened with danger sent information to the Colaba Police Station. Sub-Inspector Minocher Homji accompanied by three constables hastened to the spot to take control of the situation. The Sub-Inspector went to the Officers and requested them to behave decently. But the influence of drinks might have been too much, for instead of taking the warning they are said to have put up a strong fight. The Sub-Inspector is alleged to have been fisticuffed and then beaten up with a lathi which the Officers had forced out of the hands of a constable. One constable and the Police Officer were seriously injured. The constable was admitted to the hospital.

The Officers were arrested after a struggle. Another Officer is also said to have had a part in the affair.

FURTHER HEARING OF "GURU-KA-LANGAR" CASE

The case in which the President, Vice-President and the Secretary of the Sri Guru Singh Sabha together with two others stand charged with contravening the Government order prohibiting the entertainment of more than 50 persons at a time came up for further hearing before Mr. G. A. Sabnis, Presidency Magistrate, Mazgaon Court, on Monday afternoon.

It was alleged by the prosecution that the accused in celebration of the Shahidi Day on June 13 at Khalsa College had held "Guru Ka Langar" (free common kitchen), during which ceremony they had distributed food to about 2,000 persons (cross-examined by the Defence Consel, the C. I. D. Sub-Inspector declared that he was not aware of any custom called "Guru ka Langar" being associated with Sikh ceremonials. Witness further said that on the day in question he had witnessed Sikhs partaking of a free common kitchen.

Counsel thereupon read out certain passages from a book which indicated that "guru-ka'Langar" was a religious obligation enjoined upon the Sikhs by their religion.

Maharsing Sachasing, of the C.I.D. also gave evidence.

The case will continue today.

Horniman Purse To Be Presented On Thursday

The Horniman Golden Jubilee Committee has decided to present "The Horniman Purse" to the veteran journalist and doyen of the Indian Press, Mr. B. G. Horniman, in a manner befitting his services to the nation at a party on the July 26 at 6 p.m in the Taj Mahal Hotel.

The Reception Sub-committee formed to arrange the presentation has issued a statement inviting "all commercial bodies, political, communal and social organisations, and specially all student bodies in Bombay, who desire to participate in this function and honour the prince amongst Indian Journalists to contact Mrs. Bapsey Sabavala, Industrial Assurance Building, opposite Churchgate Station, and obtain the necessary permit for attending the function.

The Mayor and Sheriff of Bombay, the President of the all-India Editors' Conference and leaders of the Congress Party and other leading organisations have consented to participate and address the meeting.

The conveners sincerely hope that representatives of al parties and organisations will echo round and make the funotion a real representative tribute to the name and fame of Mr. B. G. Horniman

A Correction

With reference to a report under the heading "Chinese Soldiers in Trouble" which appeared in the "Bombay Chronicle" yesterday, we are informed that the eighteen arrested persons were not Chinese, but members of the Hong Kong Volunteer Corps.

FREE!
To popularise our London New Gold we have decided to give away for the time being a set of samples comprising of four pairs fancy bangles, one ring Bombay fashion, one chain with locket and one pair ear-ring all of the most attractive designs to those who apply now before the concession is withdrawn. This gold gives real gold marks on the touch stone and is admixable in the real gold. Illustrated catalogue and full particulars sent free. Write now lest you be disappointed.
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DO NOT SPECULATE ON RAIN FALL

We can never forget the dark days of the famine of 1943. It has left behind its trail all over the country. Heart-rending cries of the destitutes still linger our ears. But why is it that millions die of starvation only in a place like India? The principal cause of famine lies in the effective structure of our economy. One of the greatest defects of our agriculture is its exclusive dependance on the monsoon for water-supply. DO you know the variation of annual rain-fall in this sub-continent? It varies from 460" in Cherapunji to 3" in Upper Sind. Do you know how the irregular and inadequate watering harms crop-growing? Late arrival of monsoon delays sowing, reduces the area sown, and leads to marked deterioration of productivity while its early disappearance causes material damage to the crops. With the aid of science and irrigation, the pre-requisites of large scale farming, other nations have been able to defy the niggardliness of Nature. The India Collective Farms Ltd. have already given us a lead in this direction.

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Urid Dal of very good quality is now available at all Government Grains Shops in Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District at the CONCESSIONAL RATE of Rs. 1-7-6 per payli.

Not more than two paylees can be purchased at any one time.

Sale of Bread without Coupons is an Offence

The sale of baker's bread (whether in part or whole or in the form of toast) for consumption outside the premises of an establishment without bread tickets is an offence under the Bombay Rationing Order.

Remember that over 15 convictions have been obtained in Bombay City and the Suburbs for committing the offence.

The Bombay Chronicle

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ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, July 23. (A. P. I.): Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st January 1945 and departure from normal recorded at 09.00 hours (I. S. T.), on 23-7-1945:—Ahmedabad 86 78 0.1 15.8 plus 2.0, Allahabad 93 81 0 8.5 minus 8.4, Bangalore 78 67 0.1 7.1 minus 5.2, Baroda 85 77 0.6 14.7 nil, BOMBAY 85 75 3.2 56.5 plus 16.2, Calcutta 85 79 0.84 23.5 minus 7.9, Delhi 97 82 0 7.8 minus 4, Hyderabad (Dn.) 86 73 0.1 11.1 minus 1.2, Jaacobabad 105 83 0.6 3.4 plus 1.3, Karachi 90 82 0 4.3 0, Lahore 95 80 0 13.5 plus 4.0, Lucknow 94 83 0 10.3 minus 6.0, Madras 95 80 0 7.5 minus 0.7, Mahableshwar 66 61 2.0 139.1 plus 20.6, Mussoorie 68 70 0 3 36.4 minus 2.4, Mysore 80 67 T 14.8 plus 1.5, Nagpur 83 75 0.7 27.9 plus 5.0, Ootacamund 62 52 0.1 15.9 minus 9.2, Patna 94 81 0.3 12.0 minus 6.9, Pachmarhi 74 69 0.8 43.1 plus 12.1, Peshawar 97 82 0 5.2 minus 3.9, Poona 80 71 0.1 11.6 plus 0.5, Ranchi 82 72 1.3 19.7 minus 7.8, Sholapur 88 72 0.1 6.6 minus 3.0, Simla 68 57 0.3 31.0 plus 1.5.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Half a truth is often a great lie.

— Benjamin Franklin

The Bombay Chronicle

LISTOWELL'S SUGGESTIONS

In a letter to the "Times" Lord Listowell, former Under-Secretary of State for India, joins many in India and Britain who suggest that Government should make fresh attempts to break the Indian deadlock. But when he assumes that an immense majority of Indians "is anxious for another instalment of self-Government within the present constitution", one feels he has not correctly understood the Indians' attitude. Indians are willing to accept Lord Wavell's offer, not as an instalment of self-Government in the ordinary sense of the term,—there is nothing in the offer to deserve the term 'instalment'—but because they accept his assurance that it is only the beginning of the final instalment to be made immediately after the war in terms of the Cripps offer. Lord Listowell himself admits that it would be folly "to expect India to be satisfied with such small beer as another place or two on the Viceroy's Council", India values the extra places only as earnest of the assurance mentioned above. However, India wholeheartedly agrees with Lord Listowell when he says: "To resign ourselves to a renewal of the political deadlock would be a public confession of bankruptcy of British statesmanship, and dereliction of our duty towards India. The ripening nationhood of India cannot be arrested".

When we come to Lord Listowell's specific suggestions we find they fall far short of the Wavell Plan of a representative Government and concern details, though they have their own importance. Such, for instance, is his suggestion to add "in the near future" to the number of the Indian members in the Viceroy's Council and to give India's representative at the meetings of the new World Organisation and at any international conference for peace settlement in Europe the same standing as representatives sent by other countries. But what really matters most to India is that the representative should be a nominee of a representative Government, and not merely of a further expanded Council. More, Lord Listowell also joins many in suggesting early general elections and the revival of popular Government in the Section 93 provinces. It is true, as Pandit Kunzru points out, that mere general elections will not end the present deadlock, as a victorious party is not likely to be sufficiently accommodating at negotiations. But elections help by conclusively proving the strength of the parties, provided it is conceded by all that, as Mr. Rafi Ahmad Kidwai does well to remind us, the following of a party is far better determined by the number of votes cast for it then by the number of seats it captures. Lord Listowell is more insistent on provincial autonomy. "Elections or no elections", he says, "it should be possible to restore within a reasonable time a majority of the defunct provincial legislatures. He bases his confidence partly on the willingness of the Congress to cooperate at the Centre and the President's assurance that there will be no more civil disobedience during the war. The confidence is natural but it is also necessary for the Governors concerned to renew their assurances that their individual discretionary powers will not be abused.

Not the least important of Lord Listowell's suggestions is about the release of Congress prisoners. He rightly urges that, in view of the helpful attitude of the Congress and the President's assurance about civil disobedience and in view too, of the elections in the offing, "it is surely desirable for the Provincial Governments to release the several hundred Congress detainees still in jail, to legalise the Congress Party as a political organisation and to remove the many restrictions on civil liberties that impede the political activities of its members". Here is a demand for elementary fairness and justice. If Government is still distrustful of the Congress, that will only beget distrust. Taken all together, Lord Listowell's specific suggestions are quite good so far as they go, but they are no substitute for a whony or predominantly representative Government. But when there is an oppressive deadlock even one step forward may mean some relief and that may make the next steps easier.

Frankly Speaking

Reprehensible If True

Mr. Mahomed Husein Hasham Premji, Honorary Secretary of the Rice Conference of India, Burma and Ceylon, has issued a statement in which he says that there is "a deep game lying behind the proposed establishment of an Agricultural Projects Board" by the authorities concerned. He thinks that, while these authorities are willing and anxious to seek all financial assistance from the Indian banks and bankers, they seem to be determined to keep out the Indian merchants from the rice trade of Burma which they have built up with considerable sacrifice in the past for a number of years. If there is any such attempt it is certainly most reprehensible. It is necessary for the Government of India to intervene before it is too late to safeguard the interests of the Indian rice merchants.

"Final Battle"

What is called "the grand final battle for Burma" is being fought out some 100 miles north of Rangoon. It is not really the battle for Burma but a struggle by the Japanese to escape eastwards out of Burma. Some 10,000 remnants of what was once a big Japanese army are trapped in the Pegu hills. They are ill-equipped and suffering from sickness and starvation. They have launched a desperate effort to cross the flooded paddy fields and then the swollen Sittang not on boats but on bamboo rafts to be made by each individual for himself. It is a desperate undertaking resorted to only because the alternative now is terrible death in the jungles and mountain hide-outs. And even in success it will prove disastrous because a great proportion will inevitably die in the attempt. But what is disappointing is that an opportunity should have opened up for the Japs to attempt this mass escape.

Fitting Choice

There is poetic justice in the fact that the War Crimes Commission has selected Nuremberg, where the German Nazis held their great annual party Congresses, as the site for the trials of war criminals. The annual party jamboories, complete with flag-waving, goose-stepping parades and ranting harangues, constituted a dramatic and defiant flaunting before the world of Nazism and all that it stood for, perpetrated and aimed at. It is but fitting that the stadium that witnessed the triumphant rise of Nazism should also be the scene of its final liquidation which the trial of Nazi criminals will represent. But there is still some trouble ahead. As the report says, the trials will open as soon as possible but there is still much work to be done. Part of the work yet to be done contains one rather significant item. When the Allied Commission left London for Nuremberg to inspect the site, the two Russian representatives suddenly announced their inability to accompany the party. Is there another "hitch" between Russia and the Western Allies?

A Jap Reply

The Japanese have not ignored —they could not do so—the American warnings that they should surrender while there is yet time for it. The reaction, of course, is indirect. A Tokio Radio says that American reports of alleged Japanese peace feelers are proof that the enemy is looking for a way to end the war "without loss of face". If this means that the Japanese are determined not to lay down their arms, then the doom of the country and its people is sealed. But it may also be that the pose of defiance is a "face-saving" device of the Japanese themselves. The Germans and even the Italians were equally militant by radio even while they were arranging their surrender. In any case the Tokyo broadcast contains, as we hope, a hint that the Japs are ready to be sensible. For, says the Radio 'The Japanese will scorn any peace proposal that envisages a loss of 'our sacred territory'". If that is all, then the Japanese should have no difficulty in talking business. Nobody wants the Jap's "sacred territory".

Potsdam And Japan

Perhaps, at least let us hope so, the hint does mean Jap willingness to yield. For otherwise even the Japanese must be sufficiently sensible to realise that apart from what Admiral Nimitz and General MacArthur are doing and threatening to do, Potsdam is also preparing something for them which cannot do them any good. The irritating veil of secrecy is still being maintained strictly. But reports persist that the intensification of the war against Japan is one of the important subjects the Big Three are discussing. There is a suggestion that Japan is to be given a last chance to surrender after which hell will be let loose on Japan. Whether that last chance is formally given or not one thing is certain: the Japs cannot escape the hell that is threatened—unless they give in.

CORPORATION'S TRIBUTE TO PHEROZESHAH MEHTA

(Continued from Page 1)

nion that the birthday centenary of the late Sir Phirozeshah Mehta be commemorated by an endowment of a Chair in Civics and Politics in the University of Bombay to educate students in these two essential subjects in public life.

That His Worship the Mayor be requested to consider the desirability of starting a special fund, inviting contributions thereto and adopting such other measures as he deems fit (including the nomination of an *ad-hoc* Committee), to give effect to the proposal contined above.

That as a special case, and without establishing a precedent to be quoted in future, the Corporation do vote a contribution of rupees one lakh out of the Municipal Fund towards the cost of the proposal, and authorise His Worship the Mayor to approach Government with a view to securing from them a substantial donation for the purpose.

That the Corporation also appeal to the commercial and industrial organizations and other citizens of Bombay to contribute liberally towards this laudable object and thereby demonstrate their appreciation of the great work done by the late Sir Phirozeshah Mehta.

That a copy of this Resolution be forwarded to the Standing Committee with an intimation that on their recommendation the Corporation will be prepared to sanction the necessary grant to meet their contribution towards the above Fund."

CITY'S DEBT OF GRATITUDE.

In moving the resolution Mr. Patil said that if there were one citizen to whom Bombay owed a deep debt of gratitude it was Sir Phirozeshah Mehta. He was the father of the Corporation and its law-giver. It was in the fitness of things that the centenary of such a great patriot should be celebrated on a country-wide basis, for Sir Phirozeshah was one of the founders of the Congress in 1885.

But the Bombay Corporation should take a special part in the celebrations because Sir Phirozeshah was its member for 45 years and its president for four sessions. What they now proposed to do was but a tangible and grateful recognition of his services.

While the Corporation did not want to make it a precedent for making donations for all kinds of purposes, Mr. Patil said that this occasion should be something outstanding. If an appeal were made there would be paucity of funds. There were many institutions which Sir Phirozeshah had founded, like the "Bombay Chronicle" and the Ripon Club which would vie with each other in contributing to such a fund. The Government should long ago have founded a chair for politics and civics but he hoped they would take advantage of this occasion to make their contribution.

REPLY TO CRITICS.

Answering certain criticisms made in the course of the debate Mr Patil said that it was within the competence of the Corporation to make such a donation under Section 63, clause K, of the Municipal Act which permitted the Corporation to finance partly or wholly "any measure likely to promote public Health, Safety, convenience or instruction." He also said that the matter would not end merely with the passing of the resolution and asserted that it would be a part of their duty to see that such a Chair was instituted quickly.

NEW YORK, July 23. (U.P.A.): "P.M." correspondent Roy Ottley, in a dispatch from Athens, reported that the British are training and equipping a large section of the Greek Army. "Present plans call for a standing army of 250,000 men," Ottley said.

Petain's Betrayal Of France

Sensational Revelation Of Duplicity Provides Background To Old Marshal's Trial

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, July 23.

When Marshal Petain's Government signed the Armistice with Germany, M. Andre Charles Corbin, the French Ambassador in London, resigned immediately. On the eve of his departure he gave a farewell party in the French Embassy to correspondents in London and, as the correspondents filed past him to pay their respects, an English woman correspondent gripped his two hands saying: "Thank God for the Maginot Line". We have often wondered how M. Corbin felt to hear the English correspondent express sentiments so alien to facts. It is precisely this attitude which today partly explains why Marshal Petain is fighting for his life.

In the Spring of 1939 Marshal Petain wrote a preface to General Narcisse Chauvineau's book: "Is Invasion Still Possible". Marshal Petain in that preface argued against offensive warfare and for the defensive. "Attack must possess superiority of 3/1 in infantry, 6/1 in artillery, 12/1 in munitions before it can hope to dominate the defence". Marshal Petain even argued that the effective ness of air force in land battle is unreliable. He regarded Gen. De Gaulle's advocacy of tank warfare as a matter which had not been probed with sufficient thoroughness. This amazing attitude led Marshal Petain to support the theory that "thanks to our defensive front, small countries to-day enjoy unprecedented security and so alliances are no longer needed"—and this four months before the outbreak of war.

CHARGES AGAINST HIM.

It is not, however, Marshal Petain's military understanding which will be the basis of the case against him today. Probably no man in legal history—certainly no Chief of State—has ever had such a diversity of charges levelled against him as Marshal Petain. Quite apart from legally framed charges such as capitulation, he is accused of a whole range of psychological charges, such as tolerating anti-British propaganda, of favouring the Frenchman going to work in Germany, of preventing the French flee. from operating with the Royal Navy after the fall of France and of having offered French troops to aid the Germans in fighting Allied invasion. But the main charge against Marshal Petain will be deliberate betrayal of France in 1940.

For four days, from June 16 to 20 Marshal Petain and his Foreign Minister, M. Baudouin kept Sir Ronald Campbell, the British Ambassador at Bordeaux, under the impression that they would keep up the resistance against Germany—it was during this period that Mr. Churchill proposed an Anglo-French political union.

WHAT HE TOLD CAMPBELL.

On June 17, 1940, M. Baudouin received Sir Ronald Campbell stating that overtures had been made to Germany, but that the French fleet would not be handed over. The same day Marshal Petain saw Sir Ronald Campbell when the British Ambassador asked Marshal Petain: "What will his Government do if the German demands are unacceptable?"

Marshal Petain had replied: "I shall remain on French soil, but very likely a small Government will move to North Africa".

Sir Ronald Campbell then observed "Quite: indeed it is essential that some of the ministers too go there".

Sir Ronald Campbell telegraphed Marshal Petain's words to London. Immediately Mr. A. V. Alexander, then the First Lord of the Admiralty, with Sir Dudley Pounds hurried off to Bordeaux. That day Marshal Petain and M. Baudouin verbally informed Mr. Alexander and Sir Ronald Campbell that the Senate and Chamber of Deputies were set forth for North Africa. Marshal Petain further promised that if the fleet could not reach Britain, it would be scuttled. Everything was arranged for M. Lebrun, M. Herriot and other Ministers to board the auxiliary cruiser, "Massilia", for North Africa—but it never reached its destination.

DRAMATIC SCENE.

At 17-30 the following evening, viz., on June 20, Sir Ronald Campbell realised that something was wrong. The following morning, on June 21, at 6-0 o'clock he despatched a note to M. Baudouin saying that Britain should be consulted before the Armistice Articles were accepted, to which M. Baudouin replied: "Naturally. We have every intention of doing so." M. Baudouin also promised to telephone to Sir Ronald Campbell. Sir Ronald Campbell stood by the 'telephone, but midnight came and still there was no telephone call from M. Baudouin.

Then at 3-0 o'clock on June 22, Sir Ronald Campbell was admitted to M. Boudouin's presence. Then followed a dramatic scene as M. Baudouin read out to Sir Ronald Campbell extracts from the Armistice document saying: "That's all that concerns you" Sir Ronald Campbell insisted on M. Baudouin reading out the whole document which M. Baudouin refused. Thereupon Sir Ronald Campbell tore the document from his hands. Aghast at what he read—complete betrayal of France into Hitler's hands—Sir Ronald Champbell waited until 8-0 o'clock, then called on M. Petain who feigned surprise at Sir Ronald Campbell's anxiety, although the Armistice with Germany had been signed at 6-30.

As France was now German colony, Sir Ronald Campbell thought the wise course was to pack up—he was compelled to return to London. It is for this betrayal that Marshal Petain is being tried now.

Marshal Petain knew that if the French Government was transferred to North Africa it would rally the French people to rise against the German invader. His promises to Sir Ronald Campbell and other British representatives were made only to hoodwink the British Cabinet. Marshal Petain knew if that the French people rose they would sweep off his Government.

Mr. Laval probably will be the next to occupy Marshal Petain's seat in the dock—but he is another story.

LIFE & TRAINING IN AN ARMY MEDICAL CENTRE

(By K. U. KINI, Our Special Correspondent)

II

We saw the full-panoplied medical training in this camp. Not merely the theoretical aspect of it which, we were told, was hard and difficult and in which about 20 per cent of students failed. We also saw their military training which took up another month. Medical officers in Khaki underwent the daily roll-call, physical training, rifle-shooting, drills, parades and the games. There were instances where raw youth, fresh from medical schools and colleges, did not at first take kindly to this aspect of training. Hardly had they gone through a part of the course for the day, when they showed signs of strain and fatigue; they felt tired and beaten. But recently, the authorities witnessed a surprising instance of an officer aged 54, under training, coming out first and in flying colours in a 14-mile cross-country race.

At first the medical students, with no war experience felt ill at ease with various rules and regulations. They found that their lives in the camp were not their own. Everything was hedged with rules. Even in the urinal, attached to the lounge, one saw a board in bold letters: "Please shoot straight." But slowly and surely, they acclimatised themselves to the new conditions. Their youthful exuberance of college days returned, as could be seen from the scribbling in chalk added to the board: "Into The Thin Air."

★ ★ ★

We saw every aspect of this medical training in the camp, as we had most of the 40 hours' stay hanging heavily on our hands. Sometimes we were chaperoned. On other occasions we roamed about aimlessly and saw things unaided and uninvited. We noticed the uninhibited attitude of the medical students towards the Press. Owing to our having missed other items of the programme, we had a long and continuous spell of experience in this camp, except for a few hours which we snatched either in running to the nearby city where some of us made some private purchases vegetables and other things and others went for a little strolling and quiet contemplation of nature in a famous botanical garden. We had the camp's tent life and tinned food. The tent life was novel and exhilarating and tinned food did not sit well in our stomachs.

★ ★ ★

To all appearances, the tents seemed harmless. But, no. They were riddled by danger, as could be seen from the notices printed in bold red letters hung in the tiled building where the mess was situated. The notices proclaimed: "TENTS ARE HIGHLY INFLAMMABLE. WHOLE TENTED CAMP WILL BE BURNED DOWN WITHIN 5 MINUTES. *ALARM*. HIT HARD THE ALARM SITUATED AT THE END OR IN THE CENTRE OF THE LINES: *OR* SHRIEK, SHOUT, BELLOW. BLOW A WHISTLE *ACTION IMMEDIATE*: *DON'T WAIT TO BE TOLD: ACT.*" The notice also gives four suggestions. One of these is: "Pull out tired, sleeping, slightly unconscious officers by any means from their beds before striking adjoining tents. "Luckily, nothing happened to us and we had not to dig our own trenches, though some of us carelessly threw about stumps of burning cigarettes, blissfully unaware of the inherent danger.

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The tent life was new to us in more than one way. The *charpoys* with their loose matting had obviously fallen in desuetude. When we used them for two nights, some of us complained of ricked spines. The wooden chairs and cupboards were in a similar state. Some of them had become mouldy and gangrenous. Small, green plants were shooting up. The cupboards could be opened only with the aid of orderlies turned temporarily into bearers. And they were very useful indeed. Our visit clashed with that of a batch of medical students who had come from all over the country in order to have a first-hand knowledge of the training obtained in the camp. Consequently, there was a shortage of mosquito nets and the place swarmed with mosquitos. Even in the closed tents, they winged their way somehow and in all their black hideousness kept up a continuous and unchanging orchestration. It was difficult to say whether they were of the Anopheles or the Culcene variety, but the thought that we were in the midst of doctors was reassuring. As for ricked spines, aching bodies and swollen eyes, early cold water bath in that cold place and a little walk, put us back into our normal selves.

The experience, on the whole, was quite stinging and exhilarating but to us the prospect of an early return to Bombay was alluring. We, therefore, cut short our stay by two hours and hurried back.

National Planning Committee May Meet In August

BOMBAY, Thursday. (U.P.I.): It is understood that a meeting of the National Planning Committee will be held shortly, presumably sometime in August, after the reports of all the sub-committees are submitted to the Committee. No final decision has yet been made in this connection but there seems to be a possibility of the Committee meeting either formally in one place or informally in two places like Allahabad and Bombay to suit the convenience of a large number of members.

Our Readers' Views

School Of Indian Architecture

Capt. P. J. Marshall, late Planning Architect, City Architectural Department, Coventry, General Secretary (All-India), Service Architects' Organization, Calcutta, writes:—

"At the beginning of 1944, when the Calcutta Group of Service Architects' Organization was formed, we looked round to see whether, in our leisure hour, we could assist India in any way in our expert capacity. We were very disappointed to find that not only were both Indian Architecture and Planning in a chaotic state, but that there were no facilities for the study of Architecture and Planning on this side of India.

"Fortunately we met Mr. Sris Chandra Chatterjee, the well-known Indian Architect, and realized that here was a scholar with similar ideals to our. His deep knowledge of India's ancient architecture, his keen appreciation of its rich symbolic and spiritual significance, and his realization of the importance of a high standard of training of Indian architects and planners made a firm basis for collaboration.

In preparing the scheme and syllabus for a School of Indian Architecture and Regional Planning for Calcutta with Mr. Chatterjee, who has also made a first-hand study of the principles of Western Architecture and Engineering Science in the countries in the West, we have endeavoured to include all the recent advances in education for architecture and planning made in Europe and America, while Mr. Chatterjee has brought to it his life-time's knowledge of India and its needs, both spiritual and material.

"Although Mr. Chatterjee has been accused of impractical idealism by the few who cannot understand unselfishness and devotion to the cause of Indian Regeneration, he has proved to us who be a man of creative energy and action who realizes that one needs both the Plan and its practical fulfilment for any enduring advancement in both Education and Architecture. Not being merely a theorist, he has endeavoured to point the way to a recreation of a real Indian spiritual expression and a synthesis of Architecture, Sculpture and Painting based on India's rich traditional forms, and has actively carried out many designs exemplifying this idea.

General Election

Now as the Simla farce is over we all are looking ahead as to what the future of India would be?

The Muslim League has rightly asked for a general election but the Congress seems to have gone on 'Maon'. The Congress leaders seem to be hesitating on this issue. Gandhiji has leaders seem to be hesitating on this issue. Gandhiji has not spoken and Maulana Azad has tried to avoid the same.

But Congress must speak and exert all its force to bring about a general election in the country at an early date as it is the only way out for a settlement.

Let the Election decide the claims of the Congress and the League. They will be seen in true colours thereafter.

If the British Government is really keen on freeing India from its yoke it should in all fairness release all political prisoners to give Congress a fair chance to fight out the Election at its best.

Now it is for the Government to decide. If a general election is possible in England why is it impossible in India? One Wonders:

AHMED ABDUL KARIM.

Bombay, July 21.

"Controlled Cloth Shops"

I am grateful to Mr. G. G. Gokhale, Public Relations Officer (Rationing), for the assurance he gives me that there is no distinction between shops and shops in the matter of distribution of finer quality of cloth. I quite appreciate the spirit in which he has responded to my complaint; but I must still say that in practice we who are registered in Matunga do not get this finer quality of cloth for our requirements. On the other hand, if one visits some of the shops in the Fort Area—I purposely refrain from mentioning names—he will find that there is a large variety of this cloth available for selection. If there is no discrimination in the matter of distribution, I wonder by what name the Public Relations Officer will call it. I do not grudge any shops getting any quality of the finer quality cloth. My point is that we in Matunga should also be enabled to have enough supply for us to chose from. I would invite this officer to visit the shops in Fort Area and in Bombay North—Dadar-Matunga Area and convince himself of the truth of my grievance.

A CONSUMER.

"The League And Shias"

From the reply given to me by Nawabzada Murtaza Ali Khan it is now quite clear that he has no 'locus standi'. It seems he is a disgruntled Shia and is not entitled to speak on behalf of the Muslim League of which he is not even a member. No cognizance could, therefore, be taken of his prejudices against Shias. While replying to him first I had thought that he was related to Nawabzada Liaquat Ali Khan, and that he must have been inspired by Mr. Jinnah to reply to me with a view to elicit Shia grievances against the League. I find now from his last statement that my views were incorrect. It will be advisable for Nawabzada to enter the League and then reply to me with its authority, otherwise it will be a waste of time and energy to reply to him. It seems he does not understand the significance of the word 'political.' Otherwise he would never have called the Muslim League a political body which is, according to its favourite slogan "Islam in danger," a communal body. On the other hand, Congress is a national body and rightly represents all castes and creeds.

M. I. M. ROWJEE.

A. I. R. & "Perfect Murders"

The Bombay Broadcast Station is giving each week a talk on Perfect Murders.

I think our murderers do not need such lessons. They seem to be past masters in the art of life taking, thanks to the American crime films showing to packed houses.

If the Bombay Broadcasting are so short of subjects, may I suggest they give a series of talks instructing the police how to catch the perfect murderers.

M. K. SETT.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

LONDON, July 21. (U.P.A.): Sir Jeremy Raisman, India's Finance Member, was 'filled with rage over London's rent recketeering' after making wearing house-hunting rounds, the "Evening Standard's diarist reported to-day.

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According to our Allahabad correspondent, Mr. J. B. Kripalani the Congress General Secretary, proposes to file a suit for damages against the Government in connection with the locking up by the police of his residential quarters in "Swaraj Bhawan".

If Sjt. Kripalani does that he has no sense of realism. Government and, (or) the police can lock up Mr. Kripalani himself. And did.

★ ★ ★

Latest note in the League cacophony: Congress had no business to demand the right to nominate a Muslim since the Executive Council was to be formed on a communal basis and Congress claims to be non-communal.

Congress, therefore, had no business to nominate Hindus either. In fact, Congress had no business at the Simla Conference.

★ ★ ★

In a prompt and crushing reply to Jawaharlal, the Punjab League leaders, Nawaabahib of Mamdot and Mian Mumtaz Daulatana say: "The most modern state in the world Russia, has been built on the fundamental principle of self-determination for *cultural* nationalities. It is a voluntary association of *self-determined* and self-governing *nationalities*.

Well, well. We live and learn. We didn't know that in the Soviet Union there was a religio-politico-geographical conglomeration called "Pakistan".

Or, perhaps, hadn't the Nawab Sahib and the Mian Sahib think again? Particularly our italics.

★ ★ ★

At a Lucknow meeting Chaudhry Khaliquzzaman is reported to have declared that if he were a Hindu he would not have let the opportunity provided by the Wavell Plan slip out of his hands.

Whereat a Hindu friend who seems to know Choudhry Khaliquzzaman as a Khilafatist internationalist and patriot, says that if he were Chaudhry Khaliquzzaman he would not have let the opportunity provided by the Wavell Plan slip out of the hands of the Muslims of India.

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General Smuts has declared in Pretoria that the principle of forgive and forget does not apply to war criminals.

Quite right. You see, these criminals did more than use every means of establishing their racial superiority. They used them against racial superiors.

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The General further declared that some of the questions to be considered by the United Nations were "fraught with the most explosive dynamite".

What? Are they to discuss the Colour question?

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"The first post-war Red Navy Day may be taken as marking the beginning of a new era and the steady enlargement of forces and bases of Russia's Navy"—Reuter's from Moscow.

And bases too. Quite.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Why isn't a medical glass a sanitary measure?

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The average girl would rather be in love than be happy.

★ ★ ★

If a man owes anything to himself he is apt to settle promptly.

★ ★ ★

Better a closemouthed friend than a closefisted enemy.

★ ★ ★

Some people are never so happy as when given a chance to tell their troubles.

★ ★ ★

Most men would learn if they could acquire knowledge without the humiliation of being taught.

CAN MINISTER BECOME LOCAL BOARD CHAIRMAN?

SYLHET, July 23. (U.P.I.): A meeting of the Sylhet Municipality which was to be held on July 20, for the election of the Chairman, was postponed 'sine die' by an order of the Deputy Commissioner on an objection filed against the nomination of Mr. B. N. Mukherjee, Finance Minister, for chaidmanship. It was on the ground that a Minister cannot hold the office of the chairman.

Sir Homi Mehta In Cairo

CAIRO, July 23. (A.P.I.): Sir Homi Mehta, who is touring the Indian Forces overseas, at the invitation of the Commander-in-Chief in India, has arrived in Cairo. He will visit units in the Middle East and Air Force commands during the coming weeks and then will report to the Viceroy and the Commander-in-Chief on the welfare and post-war employment of Indian troops.

ATTACHMENT PLAN NOT TO BE SUPERSEDED BY ANOTHER SCHEME.

RAJKOT, July 23. (U.P.I.): Lt. Col C. P. Nandcock, Resident, is leaving to-day for Delhi to discuss with the Political Department the stage which the Scheme of Attachment has reached here. Inquiries reveal that there is no foundation in the rumours that a bilateral agreement scheme will supersede the Scheme of Attachment.

MORE AMERICAN TROOPS FOR PACIFIC

FIRST CONTINGENT REACHES MANILA FROM EUROPE

Allies Deal Daring Blows Against Japan, Naval Operations Continue

LONDON, July 23, (Reuter): New daring blows against Japan are reported to-day as news is received from Manila that the first contingent of American troops, which took part in the war in Germany, have arrived in the Philippines to swell the Allied forces for the invasion of Japan. The first arrivals consist of over 5,000 men, mostly from engineering units.

In the early hours of to-day American destroyers sank and crippled a four-ship convoy outside the very mouth of Tokyo harbour, shortly before Admiral Nimitz announced that great destruction was inflicted on Japanese airfields, land installations and warships on Wednesday, including severe damage to the Japanese battleship "Nagato", tied up at Yokosuka naval base near Tokyo, cables David Brown, Reuter's Special correspondent at Guam.

Destroyers struck shortly after midnight five miles west of Nojima cape at the entrance of Sagami Gulf, which is the outer waterway of Tokyo Bay.

They sank two Japanese cargo ships, probably a third and damaged an escort warship. The destroyers suffered no damage in the short running battle.

OMURA BOMBARDED

A few hours after his attack other American destroyers to-day bombarded Omura, the most important town in Bonin islands, located on Chichi Jima, about 175 miles south of Tokyo.

Again without loss destroyers shelled this principal town and seaport, situated on a large island, which Japan is still trying to maintain as a defended base at the approach of her homeland.

The fact that destroyers are striking so close to Japan may indicate that Admiral Halsey's third fleet is in close range of Japan, says David Brown. At the same time, blows against Japan's synthetic oil production, more than ever vital now that the country is cut off by Allied blockade from natural resources of oil, are being intensified.

The latest oil target—the eleventh to be hit by demolition bombs—was a factory at use on the inland sea on the south-western tip of the main island of Honshu. It was attacked by nearly 100 Superfortresses early today

AUSTRALIANS ADVANCING

Far to the south on Borneo Australian troops today moved several miles up the head waters of the Bay of Balik Papan and landed at the town of Tempadeong in new shore-to-shore operations reports. Reuter's special correspondent at Manila.

These Australian troops have been patrolling in the jungle to the south-east as far as the river Berangoe and have so far met no Japanese opposition.

Australian and American fighters and medium bombers are continuing extensive attacks in northern, eastern and north-west Borneo destroying or damaging Japanese installations, motor transport, coastal craft and supporting ground operations. A Japanese barge hideout in Balik Papan area has been attacked by motor torpedo boats

General MacArthur's planes are keeping up their blockade of the Asiatic coast and in their latest series of attacks have bombed railway installations in Indo-China and caused large fires among shipyard facilities containing five Japansee freighters at Trengganu in Malaya.

Commentator Says Invasion Possible

LONDON, July 22 (U.P.A.): The military expert of the "Sunday Dispatch", commenting on the possibility of an invasion of Japan, today wrote that "we most certainly can attack Japan by amphibious means now."

The writer points out that Japan's main defense, namely air and sea power, is broken.

"We can land on Japan and split the country from east to west before the defenders have time to improvise their arrangements—providing we can back that first landing as we did on D-Day in Europe", the writer said.

Chinese Communists Want Unity

NEW YORK, July 22 (UPA): Chinese Communist delegate to San Francisco, Mr. Tung Pi-wu, in an interview with the Shanghai Evening Post and Mercury, said that the Chinese communists want unity rather than separation but that the current United States' emphasis to the Kuomintang increases the likelihood of civil war.

Tung said that while Yenan was friendly to Moscow, it still looks to the United States as China's primary friend.

SINO-RUSSIAN TREATY

SAN FRANCISCO, July 23 (U.P.A.): Chinese Premier and Foreign Minister Dr. T V. Soong told the People's Political Council that China and Russia have concluded an economic reciprocal treaty and that work was underway on a railroad to connect Moscow with Chungking, according to a report broadcasted by Radio Tokyo broadcast

CYCLONIC STORM HITS BERLIN

BERLIN, July 22 (UPA): A freak cyclonic storm struck Berlin late today, ripping up trees, levelling, tottering walls of ruined buildings and delaying army signals. The storm lasted for a few minutes and so far there are no reports of casualties.

Well-Known Trainer Dead

NEWMARKET, July 23 (Reuter): Death has occurred of the well-known trainer, the Hon'ble George Lambton, aged 84.

It was only last week that the Hon'ble Lambton, who had trained for over half a century, turning out 13 classic winners including two Derby winners, announced his retirement from training.

"All Fascist States Must Be Eliminated From Europe"

Soviet Demand At Potsdam Conference: Britain To Back Persian Stand

LONDON, July 23. (Reuter): The British Government is "inclined" to support the Persian Government's requests for withdrawal of British, Russian and American troops when this question is reviewed at the Potsdam Conference, says the "Times'" Diplomatic Correspondent today.

"The need to safeguard the passage of war supplies to Russia, is no longer present, and the Allies had promised to withdraw within six months of the end of hostilities," the correspondent adds.

"There may be difference of opinion whether this refers to the end of the European or the Pacific war, but, in the British view, the over-riding consideration lies in safeguarding Persian independence and integrity in accordance with assurances given in 1942".

Prolonged occupation is, according to correspondent, weakening the authority of the Persian Government.

AMERICAN COUNCIL'S PLEA

LONDON, July 23. (Reuter): Moscow Radio, quoting a New York Message, said leaders of the progressive "Armenian National Council in America" has issued an appeal to President Truman, Generalissimo Stalin and Prime Minister Churchill, calling for "the Armenian provinces, now incorporated in Turkey, to be returned to their legal representatives—Soviet Armenia."

News Blackout To Continue

LONDON, July 22. (U.P.A.): The diplomatic correspondent of the reliable Sunday newspaper, "The Observer", said today that according to present indications, the blackout of news about the Big Three Conference in Potsdam will be maintained for some time—perhaps until the concluding stages of the Conference.

He understood that Balkan problems will occupy an important place on the agenda and that the situation in the Balkans already has been surveyed in broad outline by the Big Three. Meanwhile, Russian circles in Berlin, gave the impression that the Soviet Premier will remain in Potsdam about ten days and that Russia is stressing the need for elimination of all Fascist States from Europe especially Generalissimo Franco's Government in Spain—if peace is to be lasting.

Teheran Recognises New Polish Govt.

TEHERAN, July 23. (Reuter): The Persian Government has recognised the Polish Government of National unity, according to a declaration of the Persian Ministry of Foreign Affairs to-day.

The Persian Ambassador in Coscow has been instructed to inform the new Polish Government of this recognition.

Diplomatic relations between the two countries will be established soon.

Tokyo Demands Vigorous Policy 'Vis-a-Vis' Soviet

LONDON, July 23. (Reuter): The Japanese News Agency today stated that the Tokyo newspaper, "Nippon Sangyo Keizai" has asked the Japanese Government to adopt a fresh and vigorous diplomacy concerning Russia.

Warning the Japanese people that the conclusions of the Big Three meeting in Berlin may include provisions considerably unfavourable for Japan. The paper adds: "Those concerned with Japanese foreign policy must check, to the minimum, Japan's unfavourable position, while at the same time carrying out a fresh and vigorous policy especially "vis-a-vis" the Soviet Union. Never was such a necessity so greatly desired of the Japanese Foreign Service."

A. I. C. C. Member And Others Released In Bengal

PURULIA, July 23. (U.P.I.): Mr. Atul Chandra Ghosh, member of the A.I.C.C. and President of the Manbhum District Congress Committee, and Mr. Arun Chandra Ghosh, a prominent Congress worker, who were convicted in connection with the Congress Flag Satyagraha at Kanapera, have been released from the Hazaribagh Central Jail before the expiry of the term of imprisonment.

Thirteen other Satyagrahis have been released following the lifting of the ban on public demonstration of the National Flag.

Three lady Satyagrahis, it is understood, remain to be released.

WHY MORE FREEDOM FOR MALE PARTNER

British Women's Association Wants Sex Equality

LONDON, July 23 (U.P.I.): Once again the Married Women's Association is on the war path. This time they want sex equality for women which means, they say, that the wives of the servicemen should have as much freedom as their husbands.

Mrs. Dorothy Wilson, an executive member of the Association, wife of an army sergeant and mother of two children, is the spokesman of this bright idea.

She says: "Through medical facilities put at the disposal of men serving abroad, the War Office has adopted the principle that married men must be free. We civilians have acquiesced but have done nothing to equalise the position between men and women. Cessation of their sex life has been as hard a privation for women as for their partners but the male partner has been given greater freedom.

"If woman exercise sexual freedom, they may be murdered and their murderer may go scot-free. If fraternisation in Germany can help towards world security, let us welcome it but it must be freedom for both sexes."

Mrs. Wilson's husband comments on his wife's speech: "I agree, and, so should every right-thinking man."

Italian Minister's Sudden Death

TURIN, July 23. (Reuter): The Italian Minister of the Treasury, Signor Marcelle Soleri, died suddenly here to-day, aged 63.

A trusted Lieutenant of Giovanni Giolitti, one of Italy's last premiers before Fascism, Signor Soleri went into retirement during the Fascist regime, emerging as a prominent member of the new Liberal Party.

C. C. Desai For Delhi

BOMBAY, Monday.

Mr. C. C. Desai, Controller General of Civil Supplies, is leaving for Delhi today by the Frontier Mail on a short visit to attend the Conference there of the representatives of Provincial Governments and major Indian States.

This Conference will review the working of the Hoarding and Profiteering Prevention Ordinance and the Consumer Goods (Control of Distribution) Order to-date.

Delhi Congressman Arrested

NEW DELHI, July 23. (U.P.I.): Maulana Imdad Sabri, a veteran Congress worker of Delhi, was arrested this morning under the Defence of India Rules. A case under the Restriction and Detention Ordinance for alleged contravention of the Chief Commissioner's order directing him to reside within his Ward is already pending against him.

CONGRESSMEN & CIVIC ELECTIONS

NEW DELHI, July 23 (A.P.I.): "Congressmen may seek election in their individual capacity", telegraphs Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Congress President, in reply to Mr. Phool Chand Jain, a Congress worker of Delhi, who is seeking election to the Delhi Municipality.

SIND FORWARD BLOC LEADER RELEASED

KARACHI, July 23 (O.P.I.): Sind Government have removed the ban on Mr. Alim Gidwani, Forward Bloc leader who was released recently from Karachi jail. He had been prohibited from leaving Karachi without police permission.

IMPROVEMENT ON CRIPPS' PROPOSALS

POONA, July 23 (A.P.I.): Mr. Shankerrao Deo, member of the Congress Working Committee, at a press conference today said that the arrangement of parity of representation between non-Scheduled caste Hindus and Muslims in the Wavell scheme was conceded by the Congress only because it formed a part of a temporary solution of the Indian problem.

Questioned in what way he considered the Wavell scheme an improvement on the Cripps' proposals, Mr. Deo observed that the Wavell scheme, if worked out, could have opened the door for India for establishing independent diplomatic relations with other Nations. Besides, the appointment of a High Commissioner to represent British interests in India would have entirely changed the character of the Government of India which then would have represented Indian interests alone. This arrangement in its practical working would have amounted to the India Government acting as a dominion. The Congress, he said, hoped to utilise this position for the attainment of India's independence. The Cripps' proposals did not afford any opportunity for such a development.

PLEA FOR INDIAN NEWS AGENCY IN AMERICA

ALLAHABAD, July 23 (U.P.I.): "One of the first thing soon after my arrival in America was the fact that while almost every part of the world was represented amongst the journalists in America, the Indian journalists were conspicuous by their absence", said Pandit Hridayanath Kunzru addressing a meeting of the Journalists' Association today about his recent tour of America and other countries and also about the Pacific Relations Conference held in Hotspring, U.S.A.

Pandit Kunzru added that there were agencies such as Reuters, U.P.A. and A.P.A. etc. but India lacked a news agency of her own to send news of Indian interest from there to India. Taking advantage of the absence of this organisation in America, he said, the British propaganda, though unfavourable to India and the Indian situation, had its own way and was little counteracted by the work of the Indian journalists there. The thing that struck him most was that inspite of goodwill of the Americans towards India, their ignorance of the affairs of India was profound. He understood that this accounted for the dependency of India although the American people took interest in the people of the smallest European States.

LABOUR MAY REJECT OFFER OF CHURCHILL

LONDON, July 23 (U.P.I.): With the approach of July 26, when the election results will be declared, speculation in the British political circles centres round the complexion of the new British Government which will follow. It is agreed on all hands that the results will be very close and the Tories will not have a working majority. The Tory Headquarters in this connection attach great importance to the recent speech by Sir William Beveridge suggesting that the Liberals would be prepared to form a coalition with either side in the new Government. The Tories are willing to accept the liberal offer. Some Tories are even suggesting that Mr. Churchill may propose another coalition with the Labour Party—on terms.

Labour circles, however, rule out the possibility of the Labour acceptance and point out that such a move would require a special Labour Party Conference to reverse the decision reached at Blackpool.

Japs' Frantic Escape Bid Foiled In Burma

(Continued from Page 1.)

reached the west bank of the Sittang.

"From our point of view the battle is going perfectly" said the infantry Captain at Toungoo. "The Japanese are dying by hundred between the road and the Sittang.

A party of 700 Japanese under Major-General Koba—the Divisional Commander who took a trouncing from General Slim's 14th Army on the Irrawaddy—were last night located just south-west of Toungoo.

500 JAPS KILLED ON FIRST DAY

The attempts by large groups of Japanese forces to break out eastwards from the Pegu Yomas across the Mandalay-Rangoon Road towards the Sittang river, continue and have so far met with little success, says to-day's SEAC "communique".

Only a small proportion of the enemy forces has crossed the road. More than 500 Japanese dead, excluding those killed by our artillery and air strikes, have been counted. This represents, in the first day's fighting, a total of more than ten per cent of the Japanese forces attempting to break out.

The Japanese are keeping up their attacks on our cordon at many points along the 17-mile stretch of road between Toungoo and Nyaunglebin.

In the Lower Sittang river sector, British troops attacked and captured a foot bridge 22 miles east-north-east of Pegu. Our troops, who have reported four villages in the area six miles south-south-east of Myitkyo, 29 miles north-east of Pegu, clear of enemy, have also reported movement by the Japanese in the area west of Kyitkyo.

EARLY RESHAPING OF PACIFIC WAR COMMANDS LIKELY

WASHINGTON: An early reshaping of the Pacific war area commands is expected here to give the British a greatly enlarged sphere of operation in the South-West Pacific.

There is speculation that the British command will include all General MacArthur's original assignment as far east as Guadal canal and north to, but not including, the Philippines.

This is the area of Dutch, British, Australian and Portuguese possessions, or mandates still largely in Japanese hands, and is, therefore, regarded by the Allied authorities here as falling within the enlarged British area politically as well as strategically.

Troops now fighting under General MacArthur's command in Borneo are British, Commonwealth forces. It is assumed that they will be switched to Admiral Louis Mountbatten's command. General MacArthur and Admiral Mountbatten recently met for the announced purpose of co-ordinating their operations.

JAPS COUNTER-ATTACK AT KWEILIN

CHUNGKING: Japanese forces staged a violent counter-attack from Kweilin, capital of Kwangsi province, to-day and Chinese forces were obliged to abandon some of their positions in the outskirts of the city. The Chinese continued to hold Yining and Chienhsou, west of Kweilin. Fighting is continuing.

SHANGHAI AREA RAIDED

LONDON: About 100 bombers and fighters attacked the Shanghai area for nearly an hour and a half, staged a Japanese News Agency message picked up by Reuter's radio station in London.

DOOLITTLE'S SUPERS TO RAID JAPAN NEXT MONTH

GUAM: Lieut-Gen. James Doolittle Commander of the U. S. Eighth Army Air Force, who has arrived in the Okinawa area from Europe, disclosed today that Superforts of his Eighth Air Force will be attacking targets in Japan by August.

Asked if he expected to knock out Japan by bombing alone Lt.-Gen. Doolittle said: "There is always the possibility of Japan folding up but we make no claims that we will do so."

He added that after the Japanese homeland had been bombed, it was possible that targets in China, Manchuria and even Mongolia might be attacked by Superforts of his force.

Indo-China To Be Japanese Army's Last Redoubt

PARIS, July 21 (Reuter): Indo-China will, in all probability, be the Japanese army's last redoubt, where armies running from 300,000 to 500,000 tough fanatical fighters may make their last stand after the Japanese mainland has been invaded and reduced to impotence. This is the conclusion, says Harold King, Reuter's special correspondent, reached by French General Staff officers following secret service reports received recently from Indo-China and neighbouring territories.

AGA KHAN'S MILLIONS IN DENMARK?

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, July 23.

An extraordinary story is being circulated by the French Press Agency. It has been broadcast by the Paris Radio and picked up in London by listeners.

It says: "The question every one in Copenhagen is asking is: Are the Aga Khan's millions in Denmark?"

According to the French Press Agency report the police in Aalborg have discovered an important traffic in pounds-sterling. It is alleged that these pounds imported from Switzerland by a Danish businessman, had been placed in neutral countries by the Aga Khan who feared the invasion of India.

The report concludes that 7,500 pounds have already been confiscated and enquiry continues.

NOTE: There is no confirmation of this report from any other source.

SPORTS

AUSTRALIANS PLUMP FOR INDIA TOUR

SHEFIELD, July 23. (Reuter): Australian cricketers, at present here for their match with Yorkshire, said that there was definite talk of their team playing matches in South Africa, India and New Zealand on their way home, but there had been no official approach from any of the three countries. It would be a matter for the Australian services authorities to consider any invitations from these countries, they added.

C. M. P. Trounce South Indians

BOMBAY, Monday. (A.P.I.): The Corps of Military Police trounced the South Indians to-day in the first division of the Harwood Football League to the tune of 13 goals to one. This score was a record for the Cooperage this season, the previous record being 11 goals by the B.B.R.C.

Allmand, the police left-wing, was responsible for four goals including the hat-trick while Dent and Sutton scored three each, Evans, Gallagher and Balan (own goal) on each. Raymond got the only point for the losers after the C.M.P. had scored their twelfth goal.

Sinjhoro Shopkeeper Murdered

KARACHI, July 22 (U.P.I.): Seth Basarmal, a Hindu shop-keeper of Sinjhoro, was murdered by three Muslims while riding a horse near the Potoyun distributory. The assailants have been arrested.

Netherlands Bank And Currency Notes

BOMBAY, July 23: The Reserve Bank of India announces that by the Dutch authorities that Netherland's bank notes and currency notes of the denomination of 100 guilders have been withdrawn from circulation as from 14th July, 1945. It is expected that similar measures will be taken in the near future with regard to similar notes of smaller denominations. Holders, resident in India, of Netherland's bank notes and currency notes of any denomination should arrange to forward such notes, on or before 4th August, to the Netherlands Trading Society or Netherlands India Commercial Bank, Bombay or Calcutta, with their names and addresses, together with details of the date and circumstances under which these notes were acquired. Any notes that have not been deposited before that date will automatically become worthless. —A. P.

Ahmedabad Share Market

AHMEDABAD, July 23.

The market generally moved narrow and operators are inclined to await further developments and undertone of Calico was steady and unprotected short selling is considered risky. Arvind was weak on selling by Bombay offices which was met by speculative buying of local operators.

Closing quotations:—Calico 1328, Arvind 1435 Ashok 640, Ambika 459, Jupiter 345, Marsdon 177, Monogram 147/8/0 Morris 120, Mahalaxmi 1810, New Manekchawk 315, Rohit 357/8/0, (Ex. Rights), Saraspur 552 Ordinary 421, Differed 2268, Gujrat Paper 205.

Following shares were given in delivery at weekend. Differed 32, Calico 356, Ambika 235, Arvind 239, Marsdon 34, Monogram 24 Jupiter 19, Saraspur 27, Ordinary 45.

Madras Share Market

MADRAS, July 23 (A.P.I.): Following are today's quotations of the Stock Exchange:—Sugars and Breweries: Deccan (10) 30/12 do (25), 75/8. India Sugar 32, Mysore Sugar 59, Travancore 15/12.

Plantings: Cochin Malabar cd 18/13, Chembra Peaks 9/15, Fringfords 16/4, Nellithanam 14/6, Pullangodes cd. 3/8, Tejtbadi 4/8, Vakundam 21/7, Vellamalai 33, Vellitam 34/8, Woodlands 12/8.

Textiles: Bangalore wol 478 b and c ordy 350, Coimbatore Murugan 198 do new 98, Dhanalaxmi 375, Kaleswarar 700 Kothari Tex 32, Lakshmi 179 do new 90, Mettur 253, Madura 7744, Pankaja 272, Palanai and Var 152/8, Rajalakshmi 186, Ranga Vilas 149, Sitaram Spg. 176, Vasantha 305.

Miscellaneous: And Cement 120/8 Burntons 12/6, Hind Trust 21/12, Ind. st rol 9/11/6, Mysore chem and fert. 24/4, Mysore chem mfrs 30, Mettur chem 16/10 do dfd 6, Singareni 21/12, Spencer 14.

Karachi Cotton Market

KARACHI July 23.

Cotton ready Sind Desi 39/12 Punjab Desi 24/8, Sind N. T. 47/11, Four F. 41/7, July 41/7/3. Market ruled weak in sympathy with lower Bombay advices, small ready business and absence of any speculative activity, arrivals 2,585 exports 6,039 bales. To-day 1,500 bales were tendered against July contract. Silver Tuesday delivery 136/4, and Gold 78/14. Closed steady.

Indore Share Market

INDORE, July 23.

Following are closing quotations:—Indore Malwa 771, Hukamchand 893, Bhandari Mill 704, Vinod Mill 691, Kalyanmal 297 Kalyanmalpore 170, Rajkumar 185, Indore Bank 69.

Prisoners Set Rome Jail On Fire

REVOLT BIGGEST OF WHOLE SERIES OF RECENT RIOTS

ROME, July 23, (Reuter): The roof of Reginal Goel prison,—Rome's principal gaol—was burning fiercely last night and gunfire echoed through the streets as special police units, Carabinieri troops, and urgently summoned armoured cars stood by for the expected open clash with rioting prisoners.

All 2,400 prisoners in the gaol, where 1,000 prisoners started the revolt on Saturday, have now joined in the riots and the Prison Commandant told Reuter late last night he was expecting mass disorders and fighting during the hours of darkness.

Ordinary criminal prisoners would probably try and get hold of about 350 Fascist political detainees.

ALLIES REFUSE AID

The Italian authorities had appealed to the Allies for help said the Commandant, but this was refused on the grounds that it was an entirely domestic affair.

The prisoners who set fire to the roof, and by evening the citizens of Rome heard intermittent gunfire from forces surrounding the gaol trying to prevent a mass breakout.

Earlier yesterday the prisoners—many of them armed with iron bars wrenched from cell windows—appeared to have gained control of the entire interior of the gaol. The guards penned in the main entrance were completely powerless to restore order.

The revolt began when rioters in one wing of the prison overpowered the guards, seized the keys and reasoned the door of the prison building, where they were then halted by additional guards and soldiers. On Saturday night Carabinieri opened fire

BREAK INTO CORRIDORS

But by yesterday morning over 2,000 prisoners had broken into the corridors, though they were still being kept under control by Italian forces.

The revolt is the biggest of the whole series of recent riots in prisons all over Italy, where reorganisation of purged police forces is not yet completed.

Uproar At Petain's Trial

(Continued from Page 1.)

the indictment drawn up by the Public Prosecutor. This recalled how Petain was summoned by President Lebrun to form a Government after M. Reynaud's resignation on June 16, 1940, "because he felt that owing to pressure exercised by General Weygand (then the Allied Commander-in-Chief) and Marshal Petain a large part of his cabinet would not follow him in his intention to continue the struggle against Germany.

"Without waiting any longer, the Marshal began negotiations for the conclusion of an armistice" the indictment continued. "In view of the advance of German troops questions arose as to whether the cabinet should go to North Africa while the Marshal, who, in agreement with Pierre Laval, had not ceased to declare his firm intent not to leave France, should stay on Metropolitan territory with representatives of ministries essential for National Defence.

The former President of the Republic, Presidents of both the Houses and members of Government were to embark at Port Vendres and a ship was put at their disposal by Admiral Darlan, Minister of the Navy in Petain's Cabinet, but finally the project was abandoned. Only some 20 members of parliament left on Board Mashilia for Casablanca, when they returned during the following month.

"In the meantime the armistice was signed on June 22, stipulating occupation of three-fifths of the country by the enemy, disarmament of France, with the handing over of her war materials, and, notwithstanding Hitler's statement that he would raise no claims in this respect, concentration of the French Navy under German control in certain specified ports".

The indictment then recorded the movement of the Petain Government first to Clermont Ferrand and then to Vichy, and the summoning on Laval's intervention of the Chamber of Deputies and the Senate as a National Assembly to invest Marshal Petain with full powers of Government and the task of preparing a new constitution.

THREE DECREES.

After the passage by the National Assembly of a resolution investing the powers of Government in Petain as the head of the State, the Marshal, the indictment continued, issued three constitution Decrees which "went far beyond or were given against the powers conferred on him by the National Assembly. These Decrees were the result of a conspiracy fomented against the Republic for a long time, a conspiracy which succeeded owing to defeat, but the ultimate success of which could only be assured provided defeat was not questioned."

PLEA OF INNOCENCE.

After the reading of the accusation, Petain rose and read a declaration in which he said the court did not represent the French people and he would reply to no questions. "I led French armies to victory in tragic days of France's history, and France turned towards me" he said. "When I asked for Armistice I accomplished a decisive and saving act, thus ensuring liberty for the Empire. I used my power for the protection of the French people, and it is for the people that I have imparted my prestige.

"Occupation forced me to make certain declarations and accomplish certain acts which caused me suffer more than you. While General De Gaulle continued the struggle I prepared liberation, keeping together wounded but living France. France will only be able to build on foundations I have laid. I have only thought of the Union and reconciliation of Frenchmen.

"I represent French civilisation and Christianity in face of excesses. If you condemn me, may this condemnation be the last, but you will condemn an innocent man. I place myself in the hands of France."

UPROAR IN COURT

An uproar, which led to suspension, followed Petain's declaration when counsel for Defence accused the Prosecutor of partiality. He did this on the basis of a press interview given last April, in which the prosecutor M. Mornet was reported to have said that he would ask for death penalty. The aged prosecutor interrupted to say that he had only said that, if certain acts were proved, these would necessarily demand death penalty. At this explanation the crowd in the back of the Court, which included a number of young barristers raised loud cries of "oh."

"TOO MANY GERMANS".

The prosecutor turned furiously towards them, saying, "There are too many Germans in this court."

This brought forth a louder protest and a judge told the police to bring the disturbers before him.

M. Mornet continued his explanations, but defence counsel interrupted saying "I presume first of all Mr. Prosecutor, you are going to withdraw which you just said."

Defence Counsel with passion in his voice said: "But you said there were Germans in the court".

The prosecutor: "I said I made no distinction between Germans and those who support the German policy".

This nearly caused a riot at the back of the court. The judge vainly tried to calm the uproar and finally said he would suspend the hearing.

When the hearing of the trial was resumed, M. Paul Reynaud Prime Minister of France at the time of the German invasion stated during his evidence: "I admit one fundamental error. I believed in the patriotism of Petain and Weygand, which I thought would prove stronger than their political hatreds and ambitions".

ADJOURNED TILL TO-DAY.

The trial was adjourned at 18.00 hours and will be resumed to-morrow.

Calcutta Stock Exchange

CALCUTTA, July 23.

The Calcutta Stock Exchange to-day generally ruled steady after the week-end recess. The volume of business was satisfactory. Government securities continued firm. The following are to-day's final transactions up to 3 p.m.:

Government Securities: 2 3/4 per cent Loan 1948/52 100/5; 3 per cent Government Paper 95/7; 3 per cent Defence Loan 1949/52 102/2; 3 per cent Loan 1951/54 101/7 small lot; 3 per cent Loan 1963/55 100/4 small lot; 3 per cent Victory Bonds 1957 100/7 small lot; 3 per cent Loan 1963/65 99/5; 3 per cent Loan 1966/68 98/8; 3 per cent Loan 1970/75 97/3; 4 1/2 per cent Loan 1955/60 117/3; 3 1/2 per cent Government Paper 102/11.

Banks: Imperial fully paid 2,165 small odd lots; Reserve Bank 140; United Commercial 28/12 premium.

Cottons: Benares Cotton 11/8; Cawnpore Textiles 13/8 xd; Dunbar 345; Keshoram 20; Elgin Mills 70/4 xd; New Victoria Ordy 8/5; Do Preference 9/10.

Coals: Bengal 775; Ghalgora 22/8; Burrakur 46/6; Chulia 6/10; Dhemo Main 29/11; East Indian 44/13; Ghusick and Muslia 17/3; Kalapahara 37/12; Nasira 20/6; New Beerbhoom 48/11; New Churulia 15/1; Oriental 34; Ondal 51/8; Parasea 11/8; Naneegunge 67/12 ex div; C T Samla 13/8; Sendra 28/6; South Karanpura 36/6; Standard 47/4; Talcher 14/12.

Jutes: Alliance 761 small lot; Auckland 380; Anglo-India 532; Bally 420; Barnagore 275; Birla 53/8; Budge-Budge 618; Champdany 295; Chitavalsah 37/6; Craig 14/9; Delta 672/8; Empire 58/4; Ganges 675; Gourepore 983 s lot; Howrah 96/4; India 186; Kamarhatty 797; Mankarrah 668; Kinnison 463; Lawrence 378; Megna 159/8; Naihati 385; National 37/; Nellimila 38/12; Nuddea 149/8; Orient 323; Presidency 15/11; Reliance 86; Standard 337; Union 577.

Minings: Burma Corpn. 5/12; Consolidated tin 3/13; Indian Copper Corpn 3/9; Karanpura Development 41/2.

Engineerings: Braithwaites 13/10; Burn and Co. Ordy 460; Indian Iron and Steel Ordy 42/9; Indian Standard Wagon 109; Marshals 6/11; Jessops 27/6; Kumardhubi Engineering 12/12, National Iron 12/10 xd; Steel Corpn of Bengal Ordy 35/2; United Iron 10/4.

Miscellaneous: Assam Bengal Cement 20/1; Dalmia Cement 17/10; Aluminium Corpn 17/6; Bararee Coke 39/8; Calcutta Tramways 54; British India Corpn Ordy 8/1; Ditto Preference 223 small lot; Ganges Rope 476; Ivan Jones 5/14; National Tobacco 30/12; Rohtas Industries 17/10; British Burma Petroleum 6/2; Indo-Burma Petroleum 107; Tide Water Oil 30/12; Titaghur Paper Ordy 32/12; Ditto Pref Ordy 6/5; Midnapore Zemindary 201; Assam Saw Mills 7/2; Port Shipping 32/2 ct.

Sugars: Balrampore 18/6; Belsund 16/14; Buland 42/12 ct; Carew and Co., 30/9; Champaran 41; Dyer Meakin Breweries 18/10; Mohini 12/4; Samastipore 21/12 ct; Ramnugger Cane 19/15; United Provinces Sugar 30/14.

Teas: Atal 14/12; Basmatia 25 ct; Chamong 28; Dhunseri 10/14; East India 19/6; Hasimara 82; New Terai 23/8; Reutema 21; Sapoi 26.—A.P.

States People's Committee To Meet On August 6

BHARATPUR, July 23. (A. P. I.): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru President, All-India States People's Conference has instructed the Secretary of the conference to summon a meeting of the Standing Committee of the Conference on August 6, just after the session of Kashmir National Conference.

Pandit Jawaharlal To Visit Ludhiana

LUDHIANA, July 23. (A. P. I.): It is learned that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will visit Bhaini Sahib, a place of Sikh pilgrimage and headquarters of the Namdhari Sikhs and Ludhiana on his return from Kashmir.

Maharaj Partap Singh, Guru of the Namdhari Sikhs, met Pandit Jawaharlal at Simla.

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"OTOGEN" was once put in a glass tumbler for a long time and that GLASS TUMBLER turned to be an unbreakable one and could not actually be broken to pieces though severe strokes had been blown on the same. It has been tested and approved by thousands and thousands in ENGLAND and is now available in India. Commence taking "OTOGEN" immediately and let the results speak for themselves. Moreover, before commencing the test, weigh yourself, look in the mirror and observe your appearance. Then at the end of one week look again in the mirror, note exactly how you look and feel, and appreciate the effects of taking "OTOGEN"
In order to popularise "OTOGEN" in India, the price is to be Rs. 5/- only for a very short period, after some time its original price of Rs. 30 will be charged. Order to-day for to-morrow may be too late as there is limited stock on account of war conditions.
GUARANTEE.—A Cash Reward of £500 shall be awarded to any scientist or medical man or any of the public who proves the inefficacy of our most wonderful invention.
NOTE:—Unlike other Rejuvenators "Otogen" is the only one of its kind which yields equally splendid results even in the EXTREMES OF HEAT OF TROPICAL SUMMERS as in winter or any other mild and temperate climate.
Under the burning heat of summer Sun WHEN YOU ARE AT ZERO, OTOGEN IS ALSO AN EXCELLENT RESTORATIVE.
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HARDINGE & CO., Charni Road, Bombay.
VORA BROS., Princess Street, Bombay.
P. HARKINDAS & CO., Lamington Road, Bombay.
GRAND PHARMACY, Charni Road, Bombay.

Gandhiji Unaware Of Andhra Circular

Pattabhi On Inaccuracies In Press Report

MASULIPATAM, July 22, A.P.I.): Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, Member, Congress Working Committee on a reference from the "Hindu" Madras, to further elucidate his statement made at Bezwada about the Andhra circular in the light of Mahatmaji's statement in 1942 on the same subject in his reply to the Government charges on "Congress responsibility for the disturbances" says:—

"What the Press published was a summary of my speech at Bezwada and some inaccuracies have crept in them. Gandhiji when he says in his foresaid reply "that it was forbidden ground for him in as much as he knew nothing about it before his arrest" was referring to the Andhra circular.

He is quite correct. He had no knowledge of any such circular. The circular was not prepared with his knowledge or at his instance. He nevertheless has had the goodness to say that "he considers the documents to be harmless on the whole in view of the Governing clause that the whole movement is based on non-violence. No act which contravenes these instructions should ever be undertaken. All facts of disobedience committed should be overt never covert (open but not under cover)."

This sentence which has been quoted, forms part of an integral part of the original Andhra circular. Gandhiji has always maintained that no part of any civil disobedience movement or satyagraha campaign should ever be done under cover or coverly.

In 1932 when a certain measure of secrecy crept into the activities of the C. D. Movement, he condemned that secrecy and that was one reason for the withdrawal of civil disobedience as a mass movement, for secrecy and secret methods had gained currency in his absence.

NO PROGRAMME DISCUSSED

Gandhiji has also quoted how the Andhra circular warned that "no movement should be launched or any overt act done till Mahatmaji decides. After all, he may decide otherwise and you will be responsible for a great unwarranted mistake. Be ready, organise at once, be alert but by no means act".

Undoubtedly Gandhiji makes himself responsible for some of these items. I must also say that no programme had been discussed at any meeting of the Working Committee.

Indeed there was a charge levelled against the Congress High Command that they had passed the Bombay resolution without so much as chalking out a programme before-hand.

I have taken the responsibility for circular because the responsibility is mine for having pieced together various items as a result of certain conversations that I had at an informal gathering in Wardha after the July meeting of the Working Committee was over in 1942.

ONLY A GATHERING OF 3 MEMBERS

That was a gathering at which hardly three members of the Working Committee were present including myself. At that gathering, we discussed the relevancy of withholding of paying Municipal taxes, zamindari rents, picketing toddy shops, boycotting of foreign goods, felling of toddy trees and wire cutting. All excepting the last that is, wire cutting, which too "is not prohibited but not encouraged", have been part at one time or another of legitimate and authorised programmes of the Civil Disobedience movement, and Gandhiji had repeatedly written that this movement would comprise a summation of all the activities that had been permitted in the past.

He himself discussed, in answer to a question, the practicability or otherwise of wire cutting being conceivably of a non-violent character, and at the same time, expressed grave doubts about its practicability.

We, the provincial men in charge of affairs are the people competent to judge the practicability. We are the hands and the feet; and Gandhiji is the heart, head and spirit of the movement.

"Then in regard to the report that has been made from Bezwada, there are certain points to be corrected. There it was stated that the Andhra circular was the Provincial Congress Committee's circular and that the meeting was of the Provincial Working Committee.

It was not so. That report was wrong. I plainly said that I had requested the Secretary of the Provincial Congress Committee to summon two representatives from each District Congress Committee to meet at Masulipatam and the meeting happened to be at my house so that any programme contemplated at the meeting was not one attributable to the Provincial Congress Committee or its Working Committee.

If in the Andhra circular the words "Andhra Provincial Congress Committee" occurred, it was merely because they were the letter-head of the paper on which the items were drawn up.

"Now let me come to the manner in which the subject has been handled by the authorities. The first knowledge that the public got of the circular was from a Press Communique of the Madras Government which stated recklessly and without regard for truth that the Rndhra Circular contemplated wire cutting, the removal of the rails and stopping of trains and so on. As a matter of fact, the very circular which has been published by the Government as an appendix to the pamphlet "Congress Responsibility For The Disturbances", has fairly stated that no rails should be removed and there should be no danger to life under any circumstances.

AMERY'S CONTRADICTION

Indeed Mr. Amery contradicted the Madras Government press communique within less than a week and stated clearly in the House of Commons that the Madras circular prohibited the removal of rails and warned against danger to life.

But with little regard for truth or decency or public decorum, Sir Usman repeated the Madras communique word by word in the Central Council even after Mr. Amery's correction. Then we happened to see the Government publication, "Congress Responsibility For the Disturbances."

In that pamphlet on page 20 it has been stated that "a series of instructions definitely outlining the programme of mass C D Movement were produced by the Andhra and Tamilnadu Congress Committee with, it must be presumed, the approval of Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya.

It is not true to say that any circular was drawn up at the meeting or distributed. The meeting discussed certain points. That was all.

The meeting was composed of, as already said representatives of the District Congress Committee and it was not at all a meeting of the Working Committee or the Provincial Congress Committee.

The circular was an after thought. It contained so many precautions and so many safeguards that one wonders why the Madras Government was so indifferent to truth when they published a summary of that circular.

NO EVIDENCE OF AMENDMENT

But what is worse is that the pamphlet on Congress disturbances states on page 20 that the prohibition on the removal of rails was later removed by another written amendment. The latter is not published.

Nobody knows who signed it. No one can say whether there was such an amendment or not. No evidence was forthcoming in the aforesaid pamphlet, or any later publication by Government of India.

There is ample evidence to show that no such amendment could have been issued by any responsible officer of the Provincial Congress Committee for Government, it is now well known, divided their lists of people to be arrested under three classes A B and C.

"A" comprised the arrests to be made in Bombay straightway and 41 names were included in it. "B" comprised the names of the Provincial officials and members of the Provincial Congress Committees and All-India Congress Committee who were arrested in the trains before they reached their destination and "C" comprised men to be arrested in homes straightway. While this was the case and every member of the Provincial Congress Committee and All-India Congress Committee was arrested either in the trains or on entering his house, for Government to say that there was a written amendment to remove the prohibition in the first circular and at the same time for them not to publish that so called amendment creates a position which speaks for itself.

NO REFERENCE BY ANY GOVT.

I must not conclude this statement without making a passing mention of a point of interest, namely, that neither the Government of India through the Bombay Government nor the Madras Government who were responsible for the arrests of myself and the President and the Secretary of the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee, made so much as a reference to the Andhra Circular at any time from the point of our arrest to the point of our release of myself and Mr. Prakasam in the charges levelled against us. Apparently on second thought they must have concluded that the charge in the Government publication on "Congress Disturbances" was untenable and had no leg to stand on and possibly for this amongst other various reasons the prosecution threatened by Lord Linlithgow in his letter to Gandhiji has not only been not acted upon but Mr. Amery stated in Parliament that they had no intention of prosecuting the detained leaders in India.

This discussion of the Andhra Circular, therefore is purely of academic interest arising out of curiosity of public men in the country who have a legitimate desire to know what happened and what did not happen.

M.C.C. NOT TO VISIT INDIA

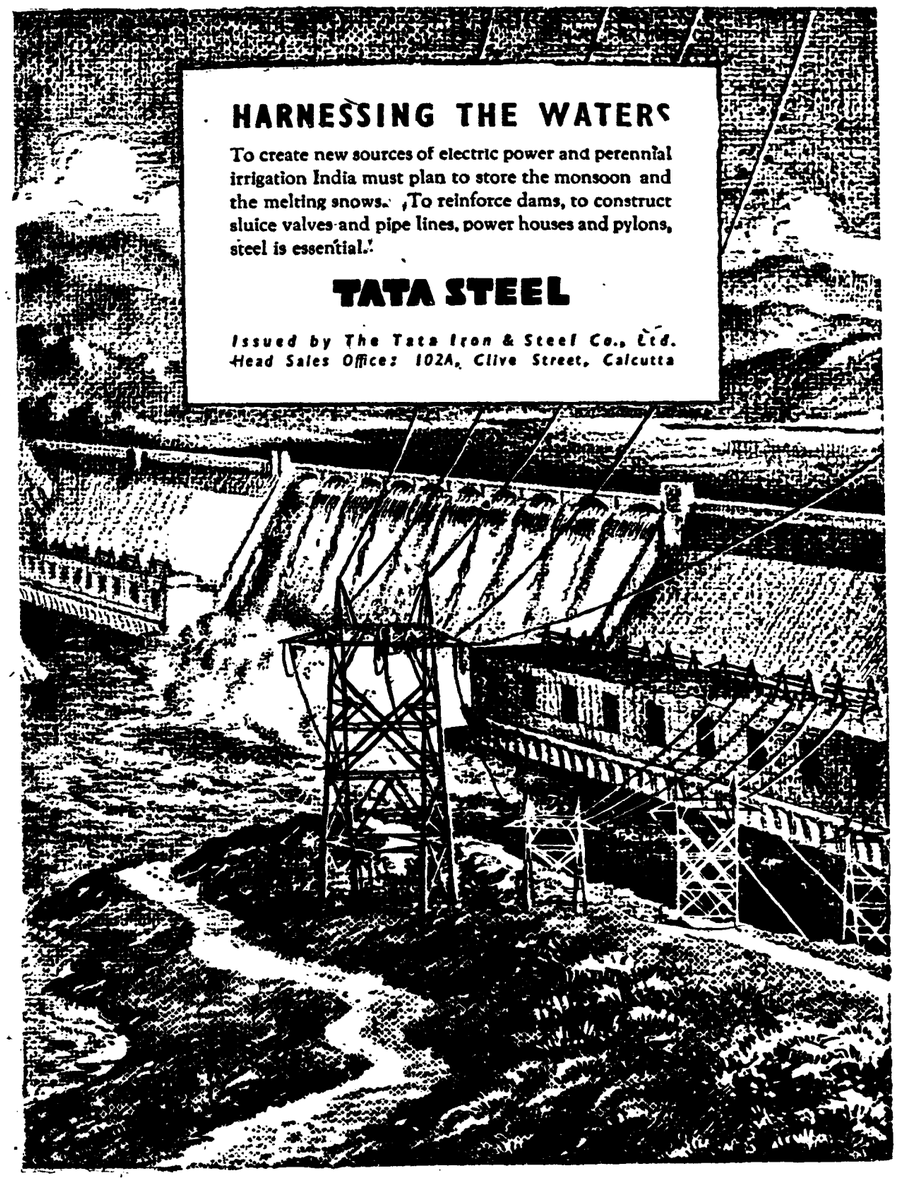
MADRAS, July 23 (A.P.I.): Sir P F. Warner, in a letter to Mr. K. S. Ranga Rao, Honorary Secretary of the Board of Control for Cricket in India, says that at a meeting of the M.C.C. held on June 11 he was instructed to say that at the present moment "it is quite impossible to arrange even tentatively any visits of the M.C.C. to India or indeed to any of the Dominions".

Accidental Death Of Coolie Under Beam

When a load of beams was being unloaded by means of a crane in one of the City docks, one of the beams fell accidentally on the head of a coolie named Tukaram. He was badly injured and removed to the hospital where he died.

'Analde' At Opera House

The I. P. T. A. will stage their Gujarati drama "Analde" at the Opera House on July 29 at 10 a.m. Tickets are available at the Opera House every day between 4 and 7 p.m.


HARNESSING THE WATERS
To create new sources of electric power and perennial irrigation India must plan to store the monsoon and the melting snows. To reinforce dams, to construct sluice valves and pipe lines, power houses and pylons, steel is essential.
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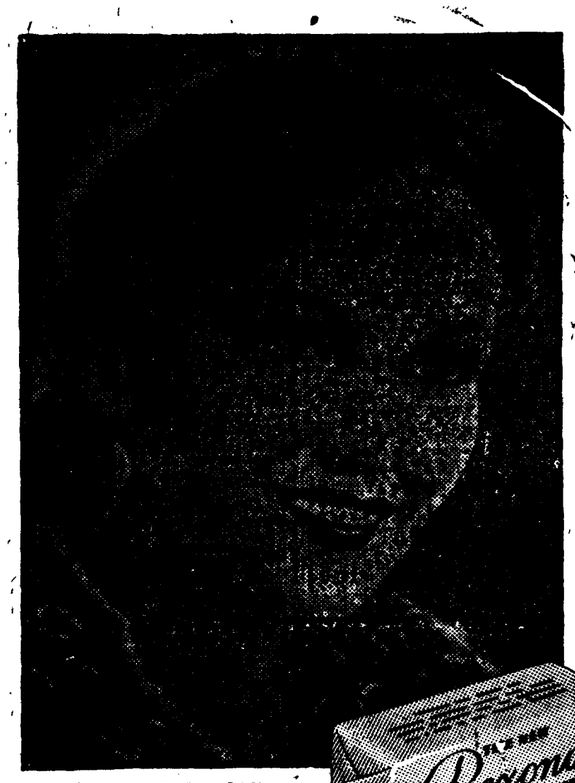
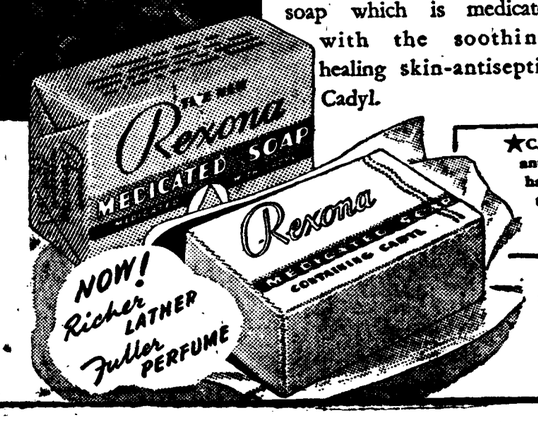

SKIN-BEAUTY
starts with
SKIN-HEALTH!
guard skin-health with
Rexona
Your skin *must* be healthy before it can ever be really lovely, and it must be *kept* healthy or its loveliness will very soon disappear. It is to encourage skin-health, and guard it, that Rexona has been introduced—the lovely, green, quick-lathering toilet soap which is medicated with the soothing, healing skin-antiseptic, Cadyl.
Rexona's fine *quick-starting* lather carries this health-protecting Cadyl deep into every pore of the skin, where it does its good work while the lather clears out embedded dust and perspiration deposits—purifying the skin, soothing it, refining it, protecting it, helping to nourish it. Make every wash a Rexona wash for the sake of skin-health and skin-beauty.


REXONA FOR BABY...

Rexona's lather is so soft, so soothing, that it is ideal for baby's tender skin. *And* the Cadyl in Rexona will help to protect baby's skin from rashes and chafing. So trust baby's skin only to this safest of soaps—Rexona.
★CADYL, in Rexona, is a special compound of antiseptic, healing and nourishing oils that have a powerful influence on the health of the skin. The soothing and protecting action of Cadyl is scientifically recognised and recommended.
USE REXONA OINTMENT for cuts, sores, boils, eczema, ulcers, pimples, rashes, blisters, ringworm, blackheads and all skin blemishes. Though supplies are limited, most dealers have a few of the famous triangular tins.

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Uninteresting Stock Exchange Session With Limited Turnover

GENERAL SELLING IN BULLION MARKET

Cotton Improves After Early Drop On Active Buying By Bull Syndicate

BOMBAY, July 23.

It was an uninteresting session on the Bombay Stock Exchange with a limited turnover. Owing to general meeting of the association, trading lasted for one hour only. There was scattered buying.

General selling in the Bullion Market together with lower Calcutta advices quotations were lowered. Later on there was some covering.

Cotton opened easy and under long liquidation quotations dropped but active buying by the Bull Syndicate helped full recovery. Towards the close there was small liquidation.

Produce market displayed steady undertone with cautious buying by shippers.

Bombay, July 23

There being general meeting of the members of the Bombay Stock Exchange, the market opened late. Under the influence of weakness in other city markets, the opening quotations were lower. At the start Tata Steel Defds were quoted at Rs. 2265 against previous closing at Rs. 2275 while Ordinary shares were quoted Rs. 2 lower at Rs. 422. Bombay Dyeing shares were quoted at Rs. 1950, while Kohinoors stood at Rs. 616. Later on there was moderate buying and Defds improved to Rs. 2270 and steadied at Rs. 2267 while Bombay Dyeings improved to Rs. 1957. The market closed steady.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1953/12, Century 310, Nagpur 388, Swadeshi 544/8, New Great 392 Simplex 296/8, Kohinoor 615/8, Colaba 231, Gokak 309 Phoenix 619/8, Mysore 278/12, Indian Bleaching 189, Swan 320 Finlay 298, Morarjee 740 Indore 733/12, Edward Sassoon 640.

STEEL SHARES.

Tata Steel Ord. 424, Tata Steel Defds. 2270.

ELECTRIC

Tata Hydro 203, Andhra 1800, Tata Power 1890, Tram Ord. 147.

CEMENT.

Associated Merger 212.

INDUSTRIES.

Burma 527/8, Alcock 428/12, Bella. pur 224/8, Shivrajpur 56 Steamer Ord 633/2, Scindia 37/14. Premier Con struction 214/8.

CASH SECTION.

MILLS: Apollo 4/0/6, Elphinstone 84, E. U. Ord. 14/15, Defds. 3/1/3, Indian Mfg. 3855 Kuria 250, Khatau 227/8, Dawn 1080, David 1255, New City 371/4 Minerva 235/8, Bradbury 310, Bharucha Dfds. 8/14, Bharat 64/12, Madhavji 19, Model 257/8, Laxmi Cotton 1392/7, Vishnu Cotton 490, Western 3410, Sholapur 6975, Sassoon Cotton 22/4, Hindustan 3610, Meyer Sassoon 197/8, Tata Mills 67/8, Ahd. Advance 400, Sassoon Silk 79/8 New Union 36 Poddar 330, Madhusudan 480, New Shri Nivas 365, Raja Bahadur Poona 126/4, Berar 310.

ELECTRIC.

Ahmedabad 237/8, Surat 235, Surat New Premier 115, Karachi 235/10, Broach 12/14 Ajmer 14/14, Amalgamated 18/8, Jalgaon 11/2, Nagpur 48, Bombay Suburban 215, New Premier 100.

BANKS.

Reserve 142/4 Imperial 2185, P. P. 548/12 Central 87/4, India 196/8, Union 9/2, Baroda 148, Habib 85 International 52, A. B. C. 36/8, Dena Bank 69, United 79, Jaipur 70, Hindustan 55/8, National Savings F. P. 70/4, P. P. 40 Mysore 380, Exchange 58/4.

INSURANCE.

Oriental 6625, Empire 1225, New India 84/8 Jupiter 31/4, Vulcan 17/10, Indian Mercantile 67/8, Universal 15/10, Vasant 25, Br. & Gen. 23/8, Bombay Life 875 Ind. Prud 55.

RAILWAYS.

Ahd. Prantij 725, C. P. 108, Mymensing Reb. 111/8, Gustad 115, Mandra Bhon 110/8, Sara Serajganj 112/8 Sialkot 117, New 54, Upper Sindh 124, Dhond Baramati 120, Pachora 98, Hoshiarpur 117/4.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Burma New 194/6, Burma Petrol 6/1, Tata Oil 77/4, Mackenzie 151/4, Port Canning 111, Zandu 213/12 Indian Radio Ord. 455, B. 413/12, Defd. 425, Indian Investment Trust 125, Wimco 315, Tata Chemical 20 Dharamsi Chemical 42, Eastern Chemical 12/4, Mukund Iron 12/8, Dena Trust 26, Alembic 322/8 Supreme Industries 226/4, Jam Wire 141/8, Bombay Uganda 81 Bombay Cycle 35, Indian Cement (1937) 34, Walchand Nagar Industries 600, Associated Cement Coupon 21/8.

PREFERENCE SHARES.

Tata Steel 1st 225, Tata Steel Second 167/12, Tram 67/12, Andhra 1607/8, Tata Power 1726 Hydro 165/10, Bombay Steamer 347/8, Nagpur 725, Vishnu 802/8, Laxmi 302/8, New Great 251/4, Poddar 116/8 Elphinstone 130, Bradbury 535, Surat Elec. 206/4, Premier Const. 1st 137/4, Second 137/8, Amalgamated 163/12, Habib 50 Tata Chemical 124/8, Walchand Industries 283/12.

OTHER SHARES.

Indian Iron 42/4, Bengal Steel 34/2, Indian Copper 3/4/6, B. I. C. 8/4/6, Burma Corporation 5/8, New Victoria Mill 8/2, New Victoria Pref. 9/8, Cawnpore Tex 13/4, Raja Tex 72/8, Phalton 158, Gold Mohar 300, New Kaiser-i-Hind 2460, Sajjan 435, Osmanshahi 311/4, Ajamshahi 597/8.

GOLD & SILVER

The local market was quiet to-day on general selling. There was some selling by Calcutta operators and quotations assumed sagging tendency.

Forward gold opened to-day at Rs. 78/15 and declined to Rs. 78/8 and steadied at Rs. 78/9. Ready gold was quoted at Rs. 78/9/6 and next settlement business was done at a discount of one to two annas. Forward silver opened at Rs. 136/2 and declined to Rs. 135/10 on general selling. Ready silver was quoted at Rs. 135/14 while, trading in the next settlement was reported at a discount of annas four. Tone was quiet.

The market finally closed as under:

	Rs. as. p.
Ready Silver	136 1 0
Silver Settlement	135 11 0
Ready Gold	78 14 0
Gold Settlement	78 12 0

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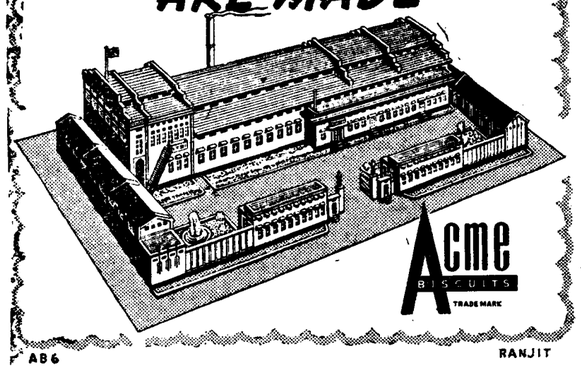


AB6 RANJIT

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, July 23.

MILLS.

Apollo 4/1/6 4/4/6
Bharat 64/12
B Dyeing 1950 47/8 52/8 50 53/12 52/8 56/12 55 58/12
Central India (Ord) 389 87/8 88/8 87/8 88/8 88
Colaba 231/8 30/8 31/8
Edward 640
Elphinstone (Ord) 84/8 84
Elphinstone (Pref) 130 29/8
Finlay 297 301 297/8 98
Gokak 310 9 9/8 9
India United Defd 3/0/6 3/1/6 3/1/6
India United Ord 14/11 14/10/6 14/12 14/10/6 14/11
Indore 735 43/12 35 37/8 33/12
Khatau 327/8
Kohinoor 618 16/8 18/8 15 16 14/8 15/8
Laxmi 1392/8
Madhavji 18 19
Madhusudan 472/8 50
Meyer 195 97/8
Minerva 235/10
Model 256/4 57/8
Morarjee 737/8 40
New City 571/4
New Great 390 93 91 92
Podar 330
Sassoon Silk 79/8
Sassoon Cotton 22/8 22/4
Shrinivas 365
Simplex 296 94/8 97 95 97 96/8
Swadeshi 542 44/8 43/8 45 43 44/8
Swan 321 20
Tata Mills 66/8 68/8 67/8

BANKS:

Baroda 184/8 84
Central 85/8 87/4
Exchange 58/8 58/4
Imperial (Old) 2182/8 85
Imperial (New) 551/4 48/12
India 197 96 96/8
National Savings (P.P.) 40
Reserve 142 42/4
Union 9/6

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 237/8
Amalgamated 18/8
Andhra Valley 1802/8 1800
Tram (Ord) 147/8 47/12 47
Tram (Pref) 68/4 67/12 68 67/8 67/12
B. Suburban 215
Surat 235/10 35
Hydro (Ord) 203/8 2/8 3
Hydro (Pref) 165/10
Power (Ord) 1890 87/8 90

INSURANCE

British India 23/8
Empire 1170
Jupiter 30/10 31/4
New India 84/8 84 84/4
Vulcan 18/2
Bombay Steam 631/4 33/12
Scindia 37/14 37/12 37/15
Tata Steel Defd 2265 60 66/4 61/4 72/8 63/12 70
Tata Steel Ord 422 21 22/8 22 23 21/8 23
Tata Steel 2nd Pref 168 67/12

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 425 28/12
A. Cement 211/12 13 11/12 12
Belapur 224 23/8 24/8 23/8 24
Burmah (Old) 528/4 25 27/8
Burmah (New) 194/6
B. B. Petrol 6/2 6 6/1
Port Canning 111
B. Construction (Ord) 214 13/8 14/8
Shivrajpur 54/8 56/8 56
Tata Chemical 20/6 19/14 20
Tata Oil 77/4
Walchandnagar (Ord) 600
Western India Match 315
A. Cement Letter of Renunciation 39/8 37/8 38
A. Cement Coupon 22 21 21/8
New Union Mills 26
Coorla Mills 250 51/4
McKenzie Ltd 151/4

****

BOMBAY COTTON

The local cotton market is passing through abnormal state and privately September declined to Rs. 418. Today the market opened at Rs. 422.8 for September delivery and after declining to Rs. 419/8 recovered to Rs. 422/8 on bull support.

The Cotton Committee of the Textile Control Board is to meet on Tuesday the 31st instant when decision will be taken as to the terms and conditions which are to regulate trading in 1945-46 cotton crop. The question of floor quotation has attracted attention of the trade and the proposal to fix Rs. 300 level is strongly resented.

In the meantime most of the tenderable cotton will be in the possession of the Bull Syndicate and there will be no inclination to take any interest in September contract as it is risky as the market is entirely manipulated by powerful operators and they are virtual dictators of quotations.

There was persistent buying by the Syndicate and September advanced to Rs. 424. It was reported that the Syndicate bought about 29,000 bales. To-day further tenders of 19,500 bales were issued against July contract.

September advanced to Rs. 425 and later steadied at Rs. 424 with scattered selling. The market finally closed at 6 p.m as under:—

I.C.C. July	412	8 0
I.C.C. September	424	0 0

COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton September Contract is 653 cent points below New York October at Exchange rate 331.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

BOMBAY July 21.

I.C.C. July Highest 414-1/2, Lowest 412-1/2, Closing at 3 p.m. 414.

I.C.C. Sept. Highest 426-3/4, Lowest 423-1/4, Closing at 3 p.m. 424-1/4.

Karachi 4F July Highest 42/1/6, Lowest 41/15/6, Closing at 3 p.m. 41/15/6.

BOMBAY PRODUCE

BOMBAY, July 23.

The local market was fairly steady and while shippers were cautious buyers the undertone was good and the market believes that the ministry will buy at enhanced rates. Groundnuts quality were quoted at Rs. 17/2 while new crop December-February business was done at Rs. 17/10. Goa delivery August-September was placed at Rs. 18/2 and September-October was quoted at Rs. 19/6. Castorseeds Bombay were quoted at Rs. 16/13. Linseed C. P. and U. P. was done at Rs. 20/12. N. S. Rly. Linseed was quoted at Rs. 20/10 and Satna Small stood at Rs. 20/6.

The Indian Stock Exchange

BOMBAY, July 23.

Tata Ordinary 423/8, Tata Deferred 2270 Indian Iron 42/8, Steel Corpn. of Bengal 34/14, Bombay Dyeing 1960, Central India 388/2, Century 915, Gokak 311/4 Kohinoor 615/8, Simplex 296, Andhra Valley 1802/8, Tata Hydro 202/8, Tata Power 1887/8, Associated Cement 212/8, Belapur 224/6, Bombay Burma (Old) 525.

BANKERS' CLEARING.

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending 20-7-1945 were as under:—

Number of Cheques: 1,61,326.

Amount of Cheques: Rs. 52,78,40,272-12-3.

Hapur Weekly Market Review

HAPUR, July 22.

BULLION: Markets remained erratic during the week under review. The failure of Simla conference spread a wave of pessimism resulting in greater speculative activity. The earlier loss caused by large scale liquidations of covering nature and lower Bombay and Calcutta advises was recovered by these two factors. Besides there was improved off take. Gold was steadier of the two. Current prices are as follows: Silver 138/11 Gold 79/6.

FUTURES:—Bardana and Guwar futures remained quiet to steady. There was not much speculative activity. Ready section was much steadier. Current prices are: Bardana ready 54/4 to 55/4, Asuj 53/12, Guwar ready 8/14/3, Maha 6/15. Local stock is very little.

GUR: Market remained steady. It is understood that there is a local stock of 50 to 60 thousand maunds of Gur here. The R. F. C.'s is reluctant to issue export permits because of high rates but as the rainy season has set in the stock is fast deteriorating. Current rate is 10/3.

PULSES: Markets were quiet. There have been some movements of Arhar within the region but the quantity was very small. Out of the present stock of 83 Khattis, as many as 73 are reported to be of old stuff. Current prices are: Arhar New 7/6 Old 6/11, Urad 18/10, Moong 10/12.

FOOD GRAINS: Food Grains markets remained very steady and there was good gain in prices expect in case of those that are controlled. The rates for Peas have improved to 3 for new and 6/12/6 for old. Bejhar is now quoted at 8/14/3 and Juwar at 8/8. Barley is not at all available. Gram is available in very small quantity at 8/14 but the demand is far higher. It is estimated that at least 5,000 mds. per month are needed for local consumption only. Wheat arrival have been very poor during the week, hardly sufficient to meet local needs. The control rate remained unchanged at 10/4. Present stock is 57 Khattis.

Quite heavy rains have been received here now and field operations will be in full swing as soon as clouds are melted awaw.

NO FRESH TRIAL FOR SAME OFFENCE

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Weston & Mr. Justice Baudekar).

Narandas Manmohandas Ramji and Ors. .... Applicants.

Versus

Mahomedalli Valimahomed & Ors. ..... Opponents.

In January 1942. it was agreed between the Mills, of which the applicants were Agents, and its workers in conciliation proceedings under the Industrial Disputes Act that there would be a change over of workers on night-shift to-day-shift. The management, subsequently, decided not to change over certain day-shift workers who complained of bad eye-sight. The result was that some night-shift workers had to continue to work on night-shift. On the application of one of them, the Industrial Court held that this was an illegal change. For this, the applicants were then charged under Section 69 of the Industrial Disputes Act, but the complainant being absent, the Magistrate acquitted the applicants for insufficiency of evidence. Thereafter, another night-worker filed another complaint on the same facts for the same offence. The applicants raised the plea of "autrefois acquit" and contended that, under Section 403 of the Criminal Procedure Code, they could not be tried again for an offence for which they were once acquitted. The Magistrate rejected this contention and ordered the trial to proceed. Aggrieved by this order, the applicants approached the High Court in Revision.

Relying on 53 Bom. 693, Their Lordships held that Section 403 barred a fresh trial of the accused for an offence of which he had once been acquitted under Section 247 of the same Code. The Industrial Court had held that there was one industrial change and not 36 industrial changes because there were 36 workers concerned and Their Lordships were of the view that the Industrial Disputes Act contemplated one prosecution and not several prosecutions. Their Lordships therefore held that the trial Magistrate's order was wrong and the applicants could not be tried again for the same offence.

Sir Jamshedji Kanga, Mr. R. J. Kolah and Mr. K. B. Bharucha instructed by Messrs. Payne and Co., appeared for the applicants.

The Assistant Government pleader appeared for the Crown.

Mr. K. B. Sukhtankar appeared for the opponent.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, July 23.

LONDON: Banks Buying 90 Days/st. 1/6 7/32 1 and 2 months, 90 Days/st. 1/6 1/4 3 to 6 months.

B. C. RATES: T. T. 1/5 15/16 D. D. 1/5 15/16.

Banks selling T. T. 1/5 31/32 D. D. 1/5 31/32.

Banks buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 D. D. 1/6 3/32.

LDN/NEW YORK:

Banks selling T. T. Rs. 332 3/4 D. D. Rs. 332 3/4.

Banks buying T. T. Rs. 329 1/2 D. D. Rs. 328 1/2.

LDN/MONTREAL:

Banks selling T. T. Rs. 302 1/2 D. D. Rs. 302 1/2.

Banks buying T. T. Rs. 297 3/4 D. D. Rs. 298 2/4.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Dull, Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c. Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.

Money:—Call, one and two months 1/4 p.c., 3 to 5 months 1/2 p.c., 6 to 11 months 3/4 p.c., 12 months 1 1/4 p.c.

Tone:—Very Easy.

HAPUR QUOTATIONS.

HAPUR, July 23.

Wheat 10/4, Arrivals very little Gram 8/14, Peas 8, Old 6/13, Arhar New 7/6, Old 6/11, Bejhar 8/14/3, Stocks Wheat 55, Gram nil, Barley nil, Peas 100, Bejhar 10 Arhar 86, Khattis markets Steady Urad 14/8/9, Moong 10/12, Gur, 10/4 Jaggery Powder 11 Steady Gwar Ready 8/14/3, Mah 7/1/9, Bardana Ready 54/4 to 55/4, Asuj 53/12, Silver 137/3, Gold 79.

ASSAM TREASURY BILLS.

Tenders for Rs. Four Crores of three months' Government of Assam Treasury Bills were opened on Monday the 23rd July. Total amount offered was Rs. 4,05,00,000.

Tenders at Rs. 99.14-3 and above were accepted in full. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. 4 crores the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 0-6-7 per cent per annum.

(Continued from Col. 7.)

from Leningrad to Koenigsberg. Soviet naval forces are now in an exceptionally favourable position to build up old bases and select and fit out new bases, wherever they may be thought desirable.

In the south the question is primarily one of access to world oceans through the Black Sea. Indications are that this will be pressed as a matter of considerable importance to the Soviet Union.

RUSSIA HAS TO LEARN FROM BRITAIN AND U.S.A.

In the construction of warships, Russia still has a good deal to learn from Britain and the United States, but considerable strides have been made. The warships, which are acquired from the two major Allies have so far been largely used for training purposes. But in the country in which a single factory recently celebrated the production of its 35,000th tank, there is confidence that the most difficult tasks of warship construction can be tackled and overcome.

RUSSIA TO SPEED UP CONSTRUCTION OF WARSHIPS

To Take Advantage Of Newly Won Opportunities To Strengthen Maritime Power

MOSCOW, July 22 (Reuter): The first Post-War Red Navy Day may be taken as marking the beginning of a new era and the steady enlargement of forces and bases of Russia's navy, cables Duncan Hooper, Reuter's special correspondent.

Generalissimo Stalin's reference in the Order of the Day last night to "the creation of new ships and new bases" is taken as a clear sign that Russia does not intend to lag in taking advantage of newly-won opportunities. With the liberation of Soviet Baltic ports and the re-emergence of Soviet sea-power in the Black Sea, the Soviet people may look forward to using the wide-open "windows" to the west, while also asserting what is regarded here as a right to a free untrammelled passage in the south. As time goes on, it may also be expected that Soviet sea-power in the east will acquire a new significance.

AGE OF MARITIME FREEDOM FOR RUSSIA AHEAD

Thus for the first time for centuries, Russia is now within sight of an age of maritime freedom in which she will be able to send ships to and receive cargoes from all parts of the world, using for this purpose convenient and readily accessible ports, some, at least, of which will be ince-free for the whole year.

Along the Baltic coast all the way

(Continued in Col 5.)

"Capstan Navy Cut Medium Cigarettes are back again"

The regulation restricting the use of imported American Virginia tobacco in the manufacture of cigarettes has now been withdrawn.

THEY'RE BLENDED BETTER

Plus tax where local or provincial taxation is in force.

W. D. & H. O. WILLS, BRISTOL & LONDON.

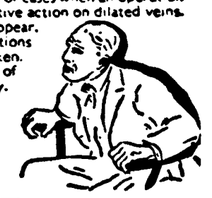
CAP/182

212

Why Not Put An End To The MISERY OF PILES?

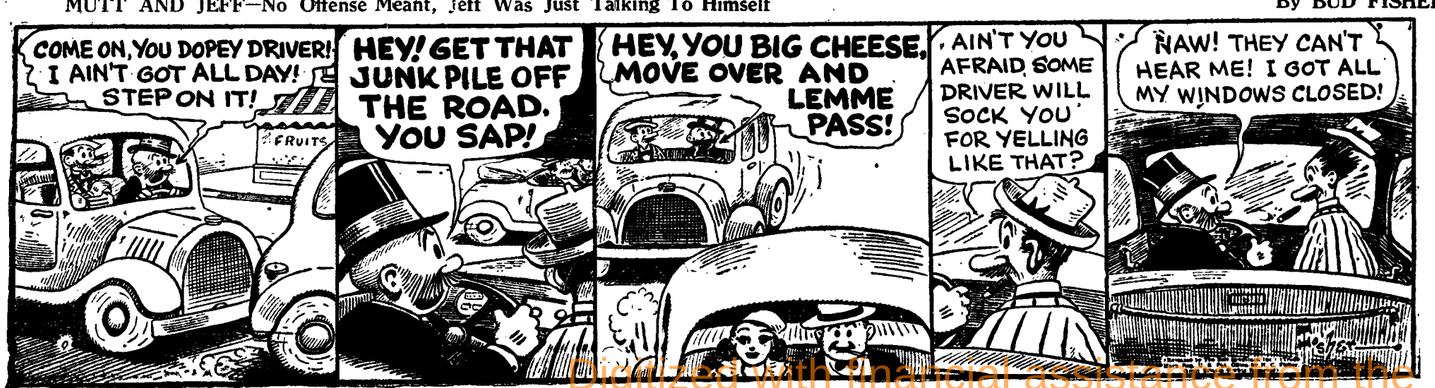
ZAM-BUK Brings Wonderful Relief.

BE free from the misery of that awful bowel complaint piles (haemorrhoids). Don't let the burning pain, irritation and constant bleeding weaken you. Apply regular dressings of Zam-Buk two or three times a day. This wonderful herbal ointment has proved successful in thousands of cases when an operation seemed the only way out. Zam-Buk has a contractive action on dilated veins. It checks the bleeding and causes the piles to disappear. Zam-Buk is a valuable antiseptic—thus septic conditions are prevented when membranes are inflamed or broken. So, don't suffer from piles any longer, get a box of Zam-Buk and use it two or three times daily. Also wonderful for skin troubles and injuries.



Use ZAM-BUK HERBAL OINTMENT

MUTT AND JEFF—No Offense Meant, Jeff Was Just Talking To Himself — By BUD FISHER


COME ON, YOU DOPEY DRIVER! I AIN'T GOT ALL DAY! STEP ON IT!
FRUITS
HEY! GET THAT JUNK PILE OFF THE ROAD. YOU SAP!
HEY, YOU BIG CHEESE, MOVE OVER AND LEMME PASS!
AIN'T YOU AFRAID SOME DRIVER WILL SOCK YOU FOR YELLING LIKE THAT?
NAW! THEY CAN'T HEAR ME! I GOT ALL MY WINDOWS CLOSED!

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS Per WORD

MINIMUM RS. 1/8-

To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a cultured Maheshri Virgin of advanced age for a law graduate widower, age 30 well settled and a big zamindari income. Apply soon, Box No. 8915, "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Engineers, Lawyers and Clerks. For Terms apply Box No. 8914, "Bombay Chrcnicle."

Wanted A Shorthand Typist for a progressive Insurance Company doing Life business only. Salary according to speed and experience. Please apply Post Box No. 521. 8917

Wanted First Class Fitter, Turner, Moulders and Tool maker for Shree Durga Glass Works, Barang District, Cuttack, Pay Rs. 100 or more per month. Applicants must have had several years experience. Apply to the Manager with ccpies of testimonials. 4173

Wanted Graduate Teachers to teach Science, Geography and English. Salary according to qualification. Apply Principal, Sir Elly Kadoorie School, Mazagon. 8909

Wanted Civil Engineer and Supervisor by a firm of Bldg. Contractors in Bombay, Post Box No. 868, Bombay 1. 8911

Wanted male or female teacher. Minimum qualification Matric. Sindhi Preferred. Pay per capacity. Secretary Sindhi Secondary School, Kalbadevi, Bombay. 8906

Wanted—A Stores Ledger-Keeper for a Commercial Firm. Those experienced need only apply stating salary to Box No. 8908, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted: A Clerk fully experienced in keeping accounts and having a good knowledge of Marathi and English. Box No. 8910, "Bombay Chronicle".

The New Bank of India, Limited. Head Office, Lahore. Wanted for Bombay Branch Office a few fresh matriculates with good handwriting to work as Clerks on handsome salary and allowance. Apply in own hand to the Branch Manager, Warden House, Sir Phirozshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay. (8900)

Wanted immediately young and energetic man for the post of an Assistant Manager for an Oil Mill in Bombay—B.A. or B.Com., or LL.B., of least five years' experience preferred. Must be able to carry on correspondence independently and conversant with office routine. Pay Rs. 200 to Rs. 250 per mensem according to ability, inclusive of war allowance. Please apply in own handwriting, stating age, education, details of experience and lowest terms acceptable, to Box No. 8907, "Bombay Chronicle".

Men with experience in wheat and wheat products, preferably with flower milling qualification. Salary from Rs. 200/- to Rs. 600/- according to qualification. Reply by post, with true copies of testimonials, giving age and details of experience to the Assistant Director (Wheat), Directorate of Inspection & Control, Department of Civil Supplies, Government of Bengal, 11A, Free School Street, Calcutta. 4174

GODOWNS WANTED

Wanted Two Godowns, admeasuring 15 to 30,000 C.F. in any locality preferably at Fort, Colaba, or Mazagaon area. Apply Box No. 4166, "Bombay Chronicle."

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Get Degrees and Diplomas, Medical, Engineering, Law, B.A., M.A., Ph.D., etc., from London College and American Universities. Fees nominal. Write for prospectus to the General Educational Agency. Amritsar. 8797

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Big Stockists to purchase wholesale Best Myscre made pencils, equal to foreign make. Rs. 10|- per gross. Concession allowed for a short period. Free samples unavailable. Apply to Ashoka Indian Art Store, Irwin Road, Mysore. 8916

BUSINESS OFFERS

"Mens" Preparations, London—Will retailers interested in stocking "Mens" high quality lines, S. A. Shaving Cream, After-Shave Lotion, and Medicated Prickly Heat Powder, also English manufactured cellulose self-adhesive tapes for hermetically sealing purposes. Please apply for details to the undernoted distributors. European representative at present in Bombay area, will call if possible. C. M. I. Agencies, 69, Warden Road, Bombay. 8912

COTTON EXPORT

Permit holder desires to Export Cotton to Iran and United Kingdom. Also Indian Tobacco. Those interested. Apply Box No. 4177, "Bombay Chronicle".

MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale:- Hydraulic Press with 10 Nos Steam Heated Plates size 96" x 48" for Plywood Manufacture with High pressure and Low pressure Pumps, Steam Inlets and Outlets—Fitted with Steam & Hydraulic Gauges etc., can be seen by appointment. Apply Box No. 4171, "Bombay Chronicle".

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Licensed Customs Agents undertake to solve any kind of clearing and forwarding problems with promptness and sincerity. Communicate with: India Mercantile Agency, 6, Motilal Nehru Road, Calcutta. 8752

PUBLIC NOTICES

FOREST RANGERS' COURSE 1946-48

SELECTION OF CANDIDATES for the above course will be made by the Chief ccnservator of Forests, Province of Bombay, Poona, in October, 1945. Intending candidates should apply through the nearest Divisional Forest Officer by 30th August. For further particulars see Notification appearing in the Bombay Government Gazette, Part I from 19th instant onwards.

Poona, 12th July 1945. 4167

G. I. P. RAILWAY

THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Special Works, G. I. P. Railway, Bombay, invites tenders upto 11.00 hours on 13th August, 1945, for construction of a Pump House at Power Station, Kalyan. The form of tender, schedule and ccnditions of contract can be obtained from his office cn payment of Rs. 2|- per set. Plans for the work will be supplied on an additional payment of Rs. 3|- being made. These sums will not be refunded. 4168

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF FOOD (Div. III)

Office of the Chief Director of Purchase, New Delhi.

Tender No. R|34 (1)

The Chief Director of Purchase, Department of Food (Div. III), Jamnagar House, New Delhi, invites tenders for the supply to the Defence Services of good hard quality gur to be delivered in instalments from October, 1945, to February, 1946.

Gur is required in Poona, Deolali and Nagpur areas.

Price of Tender Forms etc., is Rs. 10|- (Rs. ten) per set and is not refundable; forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in Cash or Money Order only to the Chief Director of Purchase quoting the Tender Number and remitter's full address on the coupon.

Applications for Tenders will be received upto and including 30th of July, 1945. Completed Tenders will be accepted upto and including 18th August, 1945.

Security Deposit equal to 5% of the value of the contract will be required to be deposited by successful tenderers. 4175

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of Mechanical Engineer (Assistant Engineer 1st Grade) on a salary of Rs. 660-40-900 per mensem plus a motor car allowance of Rs. 120|- per mensem. The candidates who should be of the Bombay Presidency Domicile should possess one or more of the following academic qualifications:—

A degree in Mechanical Engineering of a recognised University; or

Associate Membership of the Institution of Mechanical Engineers, London, (by examination), or A. C. G. I. (by examination); or

Extra Chief Engineer's Sea-going certificate (by examination).

The applicant must have served regular apprenticeship as a Mechanical Engineer in a large Engineering Establishment and must have at least 10 years' practical training, including Drawing, Office work, Estimating, Workshop Management and experience of Pumping machinery.

Associateship or full Membership of the Institution of Electrical Engineers, London, cr a degree in Electrical Engineering of a recognised University, will be considered an additional qualification.

The candidate should also possess general administrative experience, preferably in a large City Municipality, and he should be capable of taking independent charge of a big establishment.

Applicaticns, on prescribed forms, (to be obtained on payment of annas 8 from the office of the City Engineer, Bombay Municipality, Fort, Bombay, on personal application or by Post), must reach the undersigned not later THAN 18th AUGUST, 1945.

The cover containing the application should bear the superscription 'Application for the post of Mechanical Engineer (Assistant Engineer 1st Grade)'.

The post is amenable to the benefits of Leave and Provident Fund Rules under the Municipal Regulations. The appointment will in the first instance be acting upto 24th November, 1945, and on probation for 1 year. Thereafter, the candidate may be confirmed, on approved service.

Selected candidate will have to produce a fitness certificate from the Municipal Medical Examiner.

Canvassing, directly or indirectly, will disqualify a candidate for appointment.

U. M. MIRCHANDANI,
Municipal Commissioner,
for the City of Bombay.

Municipal Offices,
Hornby Road, Fort,
Bombay, 18th July, 1945. 4170

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Advance essential, Sweetest Mango Fruits 100, Rs. 16|-; Mango, Lichi, Seedless Guava grafts dozen Rs. 24|-; Kaghzilime Rs. 12|-; Sirkari Bagh, Darbhanga. 8419

PUBLIC NOTICES

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF DISPOSALS

(DISPOSALS DIRECTORATE)

NOTICE.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of the following stores lying at the places mentioned below:—

Nomenclature:	Quantity.	Location.
Ammonium Nitrate.	9,31,873 lbs. clean	Dehu Ammunition
	3,70,463 ,, contaminated	Depot, Dehu Siding (G.I.P. Rly.) with dirt.

The goods were originally purchased to Government specifications but will be sold without guarantee of their condition and subject to the conditions of contract laid down in form Con. 117. Samples and conditions of contract can be seen at the office of the Controllers of Supplies (Disposals Branch) of all areas and Director of Disposals, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi.

Offers in tenderer's own form in sealed cover superscribed 'Tender No. DGD|SR-1369|CHM' should be accompanied by a deposit at call receipt for Rs. 200|- deposited as earnest money in Imperial or Reserve Bank of India or a Government Treasury in favour of Director of Disposals, and should reach the Director of Disposals, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi by 4 p. m. on 12-8-45. Offers should remain open for acceptance upto 25-8-45. Delivery of the stores will be ex-site and removal should be completed by 15-9-45. Tenderers will be at liberty to quote for the entire quantity or a portion thereof. Rates to be quoted separately per lb. (4124)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY

Office of the Controller of Supplies (Disposals)

Strand House, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

AUCTION NOTICE.

Large quantities of different kinds of textile items as detailed below, available at Ordnance Salvage Recovery Section, "E" Shed Grain Depot, Sewri, Bombay, will be sold by Public Auction at 11 a. m. on Thursday the 26th July, 1945, at the Depot Premises subject to the conditions laid down here under:

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION OF STORES.	TOTAL LENGTH IN YARDS.	WEIGHT IN TONS.
1	Shirt Khaki Cotton Cellular	609620 Yds.	90.14.1.11.
2	Netting Mosquito	249215 ,,	13.18.0.16.
3	Sheeting grey	304745 ,,	45. 6.3.26.
4	Duck Cotton Light Khaki 28"	7355 ,,	2. 9.1. 0.
5	,, 34"	41000 ,,	9. 3.0.26.
6	Khaki Dasocti	120210 ,,	26.16.2.17.

CONDITIONS:

(a) The Purchaser will have to declare the stocks purchased by him to the Provincial Textile Controller, Bombay.

(b) He should not sell rationed cloth in Bombay and the Bombay Suburban District except under an authorisation from the Government of Bombay and subject to the conditions as may be prescribed from time to time.

(c) As the Purchaser is not likely to be allowed to sell the stores in Bombay City or Bombay Suburban District he may have to sell the same outside the rationed areas, for which the Government of Bombay will have no objection.

2. The stores to be auctioned can be inspected at site by previous arrangement with the stockholder. Further particulars can be had from the auctioneers, Messrs. Gandhi & Co., 72, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, who will announce the terms and conditions governing the auction prior to its commencement. (4182)

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for posts of Sub-Inspectors in the Bombay City Police Force.

Minimum qualifications: EDUCATION—Inter Arts or equivalent examination; AGE—between 19 and 22 years of age on 1st October 1945; CHEST—deflated 33" and 2" expansion; HEIGHT—5'—6." For further particulars see office notice No. 11260|177 dated 19th July 1945 which will be published in the Bombay Government Gazette, Part I, of the 26th July 1945.

Applications in the candidate's own handwriting giving all particulars as regards above should be addressed to the Deputy Commissioner of Police, Divisions (I) (and not to anyone by name) and forwarded so as to reach this office on or before the 15th August 1945. Copies of testimonials to be enclosed.

(Note: Original certificates and testimonials should be produced only at the time of interview and if forwarded with applications will not be returned).

(Sd.) A. E. CAFFIN,
Dy. Commissioner of Police,
Divisions (I).

Head Police Office.
Bombay, 19th July, 1945. (4141)

BOMBAY FIRE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.
BOMBAY ACCIDENT-INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.
BOMBAY UNDERWRITERS' ASSOCIATION.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of full-time salaried Chairman of the above Associations from Indian gentlemen, qualified by experience and status to undertake the internal administration of the affairs of the Associations in certain important directions.

No specialised knowledge of any particular class of Insurance is required and preference will be given to applicants not directly connected with Insurance interests.

The appointment is open only to those with experience and ability in executive and administrative posts and the salary to be offered will be commensurate with the qualifications and standing of the applicant, who should submit particulars of his experience in executive and administrative positions previously held.

Applicants may be invited to enter into an Agreement for three to five years in the first instance, and short periods of leave ex India might be arranged.

Applications, stating age, should be submitted under confidential cover to the Secretary, Bombay Fire Insurance Association, Jacob Sassoon Building, 6 Rampart Row, Bombay, not later than 15 August, 1945. (4164)

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION BOMBAY-SIND

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED by 20-9-1945 for eleven posts of VETERINARY ASSISTANT SURGEONS, SIND, from retired Assistant Surgeons. PAY.—Rs. 80-5-175 (pensioners will be given consolidated pay of Rs. 125, in addition to pension). QUALIFICATIONS.—Graduateship of a recognised veterinary college in India. Application form supplied on receipt of large addressed envelope with 3½ annas stamps and UNCROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1|- payable to "Secretary, Bombay-Sind Public Service Commission", who will supply full details cn request. 4169

THE NEW KAISER-I-HIND SPG. & WVG. CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FORTY-SIXTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Mubarak Manzil, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, cn Monday, the 20th August, 1945, at 4-0 p. m. (S. T.).

THE SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 8th August 1945 to 22nd August 1945 both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
HARILAL ODHAVJEE GANDHI,
Secretary.
Bombay, 23rd July, 1945. (4186)

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

(Rule 8)

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED for public information in accordance with Rule 8, Part II, of the Rules for Places of Public Amusement in the City of Bombay, 1914, made under Section 22, Sub-Section (1) clauses (f), (i), (g) and (h) of the City of Bombay Police Act, 1902, by the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, with the previous sanction of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay in Council that I, DEVKARAN NENSI TANNA propose erecting a Cinema Theatre at Cathedral Street and Bhaskar Lane Junction on an area of about 2,106 Sq., yds., out of my land assessed under Municipal C Ward Nos. 4480-4491, Street Ncs. 9, 10, 11, 12, 50 and 50 A, Cathedral Street and registered under Collectors C. S. No. 2298 and N. S. No. 426 of Bhuleshwar Division.

Notice is hereby given that any objections to the erection of the said Cinema Theatre should be received by the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, not later than 7th August, 1945, that is to say within 14 days from the date of this notice.

Bombay 24th July 1945. 4172

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE.

As from the 24th July, 1945, the current Official Prices of "Shell" and "B.O.C." PETROL in Bombay Island and Suburbs has been decreased to Rs. 1|12|- per gallon expump and Rs. 1|13|- per gallon in sealed cans. These prices are exclusive of the Sales Tax imposed by the Bombay Provincial Government. (4184)

NOTICE

WANTED for Kutch State Medical Department, six SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEONS with L.C.P.S. or L.M.P. Qualifications for newly opened Dispensaries. Pay of the post is Koris 225-15|2-300. The present rate of exchange is about Koris 375 equal to Rs. 100. Private practice according to the State rules is allowed.

Apply:
CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER,
Kutch State,
BHUJ. (4094)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for a temporary post of ASSISTANT PROFESSOR for the Maternity and Child Welfare Section of the All-India Institute of Hygiene and Public Health, Calcutta on Rs. 300-20-600 per mensem. Candidates for the post should be Women Medical Graduates, possessing a diploma in Maternity and Child Welfare or its equivalent. Experience in Maternity and Child Welfare practice and school medical inspection is desirable. Those having post-graduate experience in obstetrics and diseases of Children, and if possible, research experience in Pathology specially relating to diseases of pregnancy and childhood would be preferred.

Full particulars regarding conditions of service and the prescribed form of application are obtainable from the Public Health Commissioner with the Government of India, Imperial Secretariat, New Delhi. The last date for the receipt of completed application forms is the 23rd August, 1945. 4181

TENDER NOTICE

P-538 The Chief Director of Purchase, Department of Food, (Division-III), New Delhi, invites tenders from Manufacturers equipped with up-to-date plant operated in a strictly hygienic manner for supply of 220 tons of Pepper Ground Refined in 1945. Deliveries to commence from September 1945, and tenderers must have ready stock of raw materials. Government will assist successful tenderers to acquire controlled materials.

Price of tender form is Rs. 10|- per set and is not refundable and the forms not transferable. These may be obtained from the Assistant Secretary (E-II), Food Department (Division III), New Delhi. Payment should be made to Assistant Secretary in cash or by Money Order quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in the case of Money Orders.

Applicants not already on the list of approved contractors maintained by the Food Department must state in their applications for tender forms the names of their bankers.

Tender forms will be sold upto 4th August, 1945. 4179

FOOD DEPARTMENT, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

WANTED—Deputy Director of Purchase.
POST—Temporary, likely to last for duration of the war.
PAY—Rs. 650-35-1,000-50-1,200|- with usual war allowance.

Starting pay in the scale will be fixed according to qualifications and pay in present or previous appointment, if any. Persons already in Govt. service may also apply.

Applicant should be fully conversant with current trade practices, possess a thorough knowledge of qualities of all principal Indian Foodgrains and experience in organising purchases on large scale.

Applications showing full details of qualifications, experience, age, community, present appointment-held, if any, should be addressed to Rai Bahadur D. N. Maitra, Officer on Special Duty (Administration), Deptt. of Food, Mansingh Road, New Delhi, so as to reach him not later than 6th August, 1945. 4187

LEGAL NOTICES

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client Mrs. FATIMA ABDUL REHMAN is the sole owner of the house, known as Fatma Manzil and situated at Dikshit Road, Vile Parle (bearing Municipal No. 40). The title deeds relating to the said property have been taken away from our client's possession by her husband Mr. Abdul Rehman Bin Abdullah of British India Motor Training School. The public are hereby warned against having any dealings with the said Abdul Rehman in respect of the said title, deeds or house.

MANUBHAI & CO.,
Attorneys-at-Law.
24-26, Dalal Street,
Fort, Bombay. (4185)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE TATA IRON AND STEEL COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from SATURDAY, the 25th August, to SATURDAY, the 22nd September, 1945, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
TATA SONS, LIMITED,
Managing Agents.
JOHN MATTHAI,
Director.
Bombay, 23rd July, 1945. 4183

I—WEEK DANTON SHORTHAND

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CLERKS * TYPISTS
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A good opportunity for young men aged 17 to 30
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*

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STENOGRAPHERS—Rs. 125/- In Scale Rs. 125-5-180-10-300, plus dearness allowance and other concessions.

*

FOR PARTICULARS APPLY NOW TO THE COMMANDANT, G.H.Q. CLERKS' TRADE TESTING SCHOOL CORNWALLIS ROAD, NEW DELHI

Applications from candidates already employed by the Defence Services will only be considered if forwarded through proper channels and if the departments concerned are prepared to release those who are selected.

AAA 310

Tea Time—
In Western India

The rich coast-lands of Gujerat contrast with the stony plateau of the Deccan which is the main part of Maharashtra. The people are hard workers, whether on their farms or as professional and business men in the cities.

Gujerati and Maharashtrian families share many customs. One of these is the stimulating cup of hot tea which begins the day, after the morning bath. The tea is usually brewed in a china pot, milk and sugar are added to individual taste, and fruit is often an accompaniment—especially in country places, where the first meal of the day is taken about noon.

As in other parts of India, Brooke Bond fresh tea is a hot favourite in the country above and below the Western Ghats.

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"Two Leaves and a Bud"

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